

Agilent 3499A/B
Switch/Control System Service Manual

Agilent Technologies

## Legal and Safety Information

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#### Abstract

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## Documentation History

All Editions and Updates of this manual and their creation date are listed below. The first Edition of the manual is Edition 1. The Edition number increments by 1 whenever the manual is revised. Updates, which are issued between Editions, contain replacement pages to correct or add additional information to the current Edition of the manual. Whenever a new Edition is created, it will contain all of the Update information for the previous Edition. Each new Edition or Update also includes a revised copy of this documentation history page.
Edition 1
. January 2000
Edition 2
December 2000

## Safety Symbols



Instruction manual symbol affixed to product. Indicates that the user must refer to the manual for specific WARNING or CAUTION information to avoid personal injury or damage to the product.


Indicates the field wiring terminal that must be connected to earth ground before operating the equipment-protects against electrical shock in case of fault.


WARNING
Calls attention to a procedure, practice, or condition that could cause bodily injury or death.

CAUTION
Calls attention to a procedure, practice, or condition that could possibly cause damage to equipment or permanent loss of data.

## WARNINGS

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service, and repair of this product. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the product. Agilent Technologies Company assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.
Ground the equipment: For Safety Class 1 equipment (equipment having a protective earth terminal), an uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the mains power source to the product input wiring terminals or supplied power cable.
DO NOT operate the product in an explosive atmosphere or in the presence of flammable gases or fumes.
For continued protection against fire, replace the line fuse(s) only with fuse(s) of the same voltage and current rating and type. DO NOT use repaired fuses or short-circuited fuse holders.
Keep away from live circuits: Operating personnel must not remove equipment covers or shields. Procedures involving the removal of covers or shields are for use by service-trained personnel only. Under certain conditions, dangerous voltages may exist even with the equipment switched off. To avoid dangerous electrical shock, DO NOT perform procedures involving cover or shield removal unless you are qualified to do so.
DO NOT operate damaged equipment: Whenever it is possible that the safety protection features built into this product have been impaired, either through physical damage, excessive moisture, or any other reason, REMOVE POWER and do not use the product until safe operation can be verified by service-trained personnel. If necessary, return the product to an Agilent Technologies Sales and Service Office for service and repair to ensure that safety features are maintained.
DO NOT service or adjust alone: Do not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.
DO NOT substitute parts or modify equipment: Because of the danger of introducing additional hazards, do not install substitute parts or perform any unauthorized modification to the product. Return the product to an Agilent Technologies Sales and Service Office for service and repair to ensure that safety features are maintained.
Operating Location: Sheltered location where air temperature and humidity are controlled within this product's specifications and the product is protected against direct exposure to climatic conditions such as direct sunlight, wind, rain, snow, sleet, and icing, water spray or splash, hoarfrost or dew. Pollution environment for which this product may be operated is IEC 664 Pollution degree 2.

## WARNINGS (Cont.)

The Agilent 3499A/B can have modules that are capable of switching voltages up to 250 V maximum. Voltage levels above the levels specified for accessible connectors or cable ends could cause bodily injury or death to an operator. Special precautions must be adhered to (discussed below) when applying voltages in excess of $60 \mathrm{Vdc}, 30 \mathrm{Vac} \mathrm{rms}$ or 42.4 Vac peak.
Module connectors and test signal cables connected to them cannot be operator accessible. Cables and connectors are considered inaccessible if a tool (e.g., screwdriver, wrench, socket, etc.) or a key (equipment in a locked cabinet) is required to gain access to them. Additionally, the operator cannot have access to a conductive surface connected to any cable conductor (High, Low or Guard).

Assure the equipment under test has adequate insulation between the cable connections and any operator-accessible parts (doors, covers, panels, shields, cases, cabinets, etc.). Verify there are multiple and sufficient protective means (rated for the voltages you are applying) to assure the operator will NOT come into contact with any energized conductor even if one of the protective means fails to work as intended. For example, the inner side of a case, cabinet, door, cover or panel can be covered with an insulating material as well as routing the test cables to the module's front panel connectors through non-conductive, flexible conduit such as that used in electrical power distribution.

This ISM device complies with Canadian CES-001
Cet appareil ISM est conforme à la norme NMB-001 du Canada

## CLEANING INFORMATION

The instrument should only be cleaned by wiping it with a soft damp cloth.

## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

According to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and CEN/CENELEC EN 45014

| Manufacturer's Name: | Agilent Technologies, Inc. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Manufacturer's Address: | Measurement Products Unit |
|  | \#4 Hua Yuan Road, Haidian District |
|  | Beijing 100088, PRC |

## Declares, that the product:

Product Name: $\quad$ Switch/Control System
Model Number: Agilent 3499A/B
Product Options: All
Conforms with the following product standards:

## EMC:

Standard

IEC 61326-1:1997+A1:1998 / EN61326-1:1997+A1:1998
CISPR 11:1990 / EN 55011:199
IEC 61000-4-2:1995+A1:1998 / EN 61000-4-2:1995
IEC 61000-4-3:1995 / EN 61000-4-3:1995
IEC 61000-4-4:1995 / EN 61000-4-4:1995
IEC 61000-4-5:1995 / EN 61000-4-5:1995
IEC 61000-4-6:1996 / EN 61000-4-6:1996
IEC 61000-4-11:1994 / EN 61000-4-11:1994
Canada: ICES-001:1998

## Limit

Group 1 Class $A^{1}$
$4 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{CD}, 8 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{AD}$
$3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}, 80-1000 \mathrm{MHz}$
0.5 kV signal lines, 1 kV power lines
0.5 kV line-line, 1 kV line-ground
$3 \mathrm{~V}, 0.15-80 \mathrm{MHz}$
1 cycle, $100 \%$

Safety:
IEC 61010-1:1990+A1:1992+A2:1995 / EN 61010-1:1994+A2:1995
Canada: CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1:1992
UL 3111-1:1994

## Conformity / Supplementary Information:

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC (including 93/68/EEC) and carries the "CE" mark accordingly (European Union).


Weiren Wang, QA Manager
January, 2000

For further information, please contact your local Agilent Technologies sales office, agent or distributor.

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## Chapter 1 Specifications

## General Information

The Agilent 3499 Switch/Control System is composed of two mainframes and a set of plug-in modules. This chapter lists the specifications of the two Agilent 3499A/B mainframes and all the plug-in modules. These include:

- Agilent 3499A/B Mainframes Specifications . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 2
- Multiplexer (MUX) Modules Specifications . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 3
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## Agilent 3499A/B Mainframes Specifications

| ITEMS | SPECIFICATIONS |
| :---: | :---: |
| General |  |
| Power Supply: <br> Operating Environment: <br> Storage Environment: <br> Net Weight: <br> Dimensions: <br> Safety: <br> RFI and ESD: | 100 to 240 VAC universal input; 47 Hz to $440 \mathrm{~Hz} ; 40$ VA maximum. <br> 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32\right.$ to $\left.131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) ;<80 \% \mathrm{RH}, 0$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32\right.$ to $\left.104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. <br> -40 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40\right.$ to $\left.158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ <br> Agilent 3499A: 3.8 kg ( 8.4 bs ); Agilent 3499B: 2.5 kg ( 5.5 bs ). <br> Agilent 3499A (H x W x L): 89mm x $426 \mathrm{~mm} \times 348 \mathrm{~mm}\left(3.5^{\prime \prime} \times 16.8^{\prime \prime} \times 13.7^{\prime \prime}\right)$; <br> Agilent 3499B (H x W x L): 89mm x $213 \mathrm{~mm} \times 348 \mathrm{~mm}$ ( $3.5^{\prime \prime} \times 8.4^{\prime \prime} \times 13.7^{\prime \prime}$ ). <br> Conforms to CSA, UL-1244, IEC 1010 Cat I. <br> CISPR 11, IEC 801/2/3/4. |
| System |  |
| Capacity: <br> Display: <br> Rear Panel Connectors: <br> Switch Setting Time: <br> Arm Source: <br> Trigger Source: <br> External Trigger Input: <br> External Trigger Output: <br> Built-in 4-bit Digital I/O: | 5 Slots (Agilent 3499A) or 2 Slots (Agilent 3499B). <br> Vacuum fluorescent, 13 characters can be displayed simultaneously. <br> GPIB (IEEE-488); RS-232; 8-pin Mini DIN connector (4-bit Digital I/O, external triggers). <br> Automatically selected by the mainframe for individual modules; Additional time from 0 to 99999.999 seconds can be added in 1 ms steps. <br> External trigger (from the rear panel Mini DIN connector); IEEE-488 bus (GET, *TRG, or pressing Step from the front-panel); Software (TRIGger:IMM); Internal timer (programmable as 0 to 99999.999 seconds in 1 ms steps). <br> External trigger (from the rear panel Mini DIN connector); IEEE-488 bus (GET, *TRG, or pressing Step from the front-panel); <br> Software (Trigger:IMM); Internal timer (programmable as 0 to 99999.999 seconds in 1 ms steps). <br> Level: TTL compatible; Minimum trigger pulse width: $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$; Maximum external trigger delay ${ }^{\text {a. }} 2 \mathrm{~ms}$. <br> Level: Normally pull up to 5 V ; <br> Sink current: $10 \mathrm{~mA} @ \mathrm{~V}_{0}($ Low $) \leq 0.4 \mathrm{~V} ; 80 \mathrm{~mA} @ \mathrm{~V}_{0}($ Low $) \leq 0.8 \mathrm{~V}$; <br> Low going pulse width: $10 \mu$ s typical. <br> Input: TTL compatible; <br> Output: $\mathrm{V}_{0}$ (high $) \geq 2.4 \mathrm{~V} @ \mathrm{I}_{0}=1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{0}($ Low $) \leq 0.8 \mathrm{~V} @ \mathrm{I}_{0}=-100 \mathrm{~mA}$; Maximum $\mathrm{V}_{0}=42 \mathrm{~V}$, with external pull-up. |
| System Speed |  |
| Scan Speed: <br> Parser Time ${ }^{\text {b }}$ : <br> Switching Speed: <br> Digital I/O Block Transfer Rate: | 80 chans/sec (N2260A) <br> Open (@100): 3 ms ; Close (@100): 3 ms ; Open (@100:139): 4 ms <br> 20K bytes/sec (long word) |

[^0]
## 2 Specifications

## Plug-in Modules Specifications

Multiplexer (MUX) Modules

The MUX modules available with Agilent 3499A/B include: Agilent N2260A 40-channel MUX, Agilent 44470A/D 10/20-channel MUXs. The specifications of the MUX modules are listed in the table below.

a. With chassis of all instruments connected, and with the Low Terminal of the input connected to the Low Terminal of the output (either directly or via Agilent 3499A/B switching channels).

| ITEMS |  | SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Agilent N2266A |  | Agilent N2268A | Agilent N2270A |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Channels |  | 80 1-wire; or 40 2-wire; or dual 20 2-wire; or 20 4-wire |  | Dual 1-to-4 Chans | 10 (2-wire) |
| Maximum Voltage | Terminal-Terminal or Terminal-Chassis | 200 V, dc or peak AC Resist. |  | 30 V , dc or peak AC Resist. | 1000 V peak (per IEC1010 for Pollution Degree I) |
| Maximum Current | Per Channel | 0.5 A, dc or peak AC Resis |  | 0.5 A, dc or peak AC | 1 A |
|  | Per Module | 1 A , dc or peak AC Resist. |  | 1 A, dc or peak AC | 1 A |
| Maximum Power | Per Channel | 10 W dc or peak AC Resist. |  | 10 W | 10 W |
|  | Per Module | 20 W dc or peak AC Resis |  | 20 W | 10 W |
| Thermal Offset | Per Channel | $50 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ differential or single-ended |  | $3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ | $200 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Initial Closed Channel Resistance |  | $<1 \Omega$ |  | $<1 \Omega$ | $<1 \Omega$ |
| Relay Life |  | $10^{9}($ at $1 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{~mA})$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { mechanical: } 5 \mathrm{X} 10^{6} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~mA} / 24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { resist. } \\ & \text { load: } 3 \mathrm{X} 10^{5} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~W} 2.5 \mathrm{G} 50 \Omega: 10^{5} \end{aligned}$ | Signal Load (1 V 10 mA ): $10^{8}$ |
| Maximum Scan Rate |  | 350 Chans/sec |  | 20 Chans/sec | 43 Chans/sec |
| DC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Open Channel, Channel-Channel (with 1 channel closed) |  | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{10} \Omega \\ & 10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| HI-LO <br> (with 1 channel closed) |  | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{10} \Omega \\ & 10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Channel-Chassis (with 1 channel closed) |  | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right. \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{10} \Omega \\ & 10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| AC CHARACTERI | TICS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bandwidth (-3dB) |  | 40 MHz |  | $3.5 \mathrm{GHz}(50 \Omega$ source, $50 \Omega$ termination) |  |
| Capacitance (with 1 channel closed) | Open Channel, Channel-Channel: HI-LO: Channel-Chassis: | $\begin{aligned} & <7 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <50 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <140 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ |  | 20 pF (Center-Shield) <br> 0.06 pF (Center-Center) | $\begin{aligned} & <7 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <7 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <50 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ |
| Insertion Loss (with $50 \Omega$ termination) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 40 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.2 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.3 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <2.0 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <3.0 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $1 \mathrm{GHz}: 0.9 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> $2 \mathrm{GHz}: 1.2 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> $3 \mathrm{GHz}: 1.4 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> 3.5 GHz:1.7 dB | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz}: 0.1 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz}: 0.2 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| Crosstalk (with $50 \Omega$ termination) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 10 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-75 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-55 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-33 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DC-2GHz: -64 dB } \\ & 2 G H z-3.5 G H z:-50 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz}:-70 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz}:-50 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| VSWR |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{GHz}: 1.20 \\ & 2 \mathrm{GHz}: 1.35 \\ & 3.5 \mathrm{GHz}: 1.35 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Rise Time |  |  |  | < 150 ps |  |
| Signal Delay |  |  |  | $<1.5$ ns |  |

## 4 Specifications

| ITEMS | SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Agilent N2266A | Agilent N2268A | Agilent N2270A |
| Environmental Conditions |  |  |  |
| Operating Pollution Degree |  |  | 2 |
| Operating Altitude |  |  | 3000 meters (10,000 ft) |
| Measurement Category I |  |  | I, 1500 Vpk transient, 500 <br> V over voltage transient |
| Operating Temperature |  |  | $0-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Humidity |  |  | $<80 \% \mathrm{RH}\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right),$ <br> non-condensing |

a. With chassis of all instruments connected, and with the Low Terminal of the input connected to the Low Terminal of the output (either directly or via Agilent 3499A/B switching channels).

GP Relay Modules
The General Purpose (GP) relay modules include: Agilent N2261A 40-channel GP relays, Agilent 44471A/D 10/20-channel GP relays, and the GP relays on an Agilent N2264A. The specifications of the Agilent N2261A, 44471A/D are listed in the table below.

a. With chassis of all instruments connected, and with Low Terminal of the input connected to Low Terminal of the output (either directly or via Agilent 3499A/B switching channels)

## 6 Specifications

The specifications of the GP relays on an Agilent N2264A are listed in the table below.

| ITEMS |  | SPECIFICATIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Agilent N2264A ${ }^{\text {a }}$ <br> (12-Channel GP function) | Agilent N2264A <br> (3-Channel High-current GP function) |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |
| Total Channels: |  | 12 | 3 |
| Maximum Voltage | Terminal-Terminal or Terminal-Chassis: | 200 V , dc or ac rms | 125 V dc or 200 V ac rms |
| Maximum Current | Per Channel: | $1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{dc}$ or ac rms | 5A, dc or ac rms |
| Maximum Power | Per Channel: | 60 W dc ; 2.5 VA ac | 150 W dc; 1250 VA ac |
| Thermal Offset | Per Channel: | $<3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ | $<3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Initial Closed Channel Resistance: |  | $<0.5 \Omega$ | $<0.1 \Omega$ |
| Relay Life |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{8}(\text { at } 36000 \text { operations/hour }) \\ & 5 \times 10^{5}(1 \mathrm{~A} \text { load }) \end{aligned}$ | $5 \times 10^{7}$ (at 180 cycles/minute) $10^{5}$ (at rated load) |
| Maximum Scan Rate: |  | 80 Chans/sec | N/A |
| Time to Close One Channel: |  | N/A | 16 ms |
| DC ISOLATION (with terminal block) |  |  |  |
| Open Channel, Channel-Channel (with 1 channel closed) <br> Channel-Chassis (with 1 channel closed) |  | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega \\ & <\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| AC ISOLATION / PERFORMANCE ${ }^{\text {(without terminal block) }}$ |  |  |  |
| Capacitance <br> (with 1 channel closed) | Open Channel: Channel-Channel: Channel-Chassis: | $\begin{aligned} & <10 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <10 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <20 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <10 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <10 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <20 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ |
| Insertion Loss (with $50 \Omega$ termination) | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.50 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.50 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| Crosstalk <br> (with $50 \Omega$ termination) | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-70 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-50 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-30 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-70 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-50 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-30 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |

a. Agilent N2264A combines a 12-channel GP, a 3-channel high-current GP and a 16 -bit digital I/O into one module. It can be operated as three separate modules.
b. With chassis of all instruments connected, and with Low Terminal of the input connected to Low Terminal of the output (either directly or via Agilent 3499A/B switching channels)

The specifications of the GP relays on an Agilent N2267A are listed in the table below.

a. With chassis of all instruments connected, and with Low Terminal of the input connected to Low Terminal of the output (either directly or via the 3499A/B switching channels)

## 8 Specifications

Matrix Modules
The matrix modules include: Agilent N2262A 4 x 8 2-wire matrix, Agilent 44473A $4 \times 4$ 2-wire matrix and the $4 \times 42$-wire matrix on an Agilent N2265A. The specifications are listed in the table below.

| ITEMS |  | SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Agilent N2262A | Agilent N2265A ${ }^{\text {a }}$ <br> (4 x 4 Matrix) | Agilent 44473A |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |
| Total Channels: |  | $4 \times 8$ | $4 \times 4$ | $4 \times 4$ |
| Maximum Voltage | Terminal-Terminal or Terminal-Chassis: | 200 V , dc or ac rms | 200 V , dc or ac rms | 250 V , dc or ac rms |
| Maximum Current | Per Channel: Per Module: | $1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{dc}$ or ac rms <br> 4 A , dc or ac rms | $1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{dc}$ or ac rms <br> 4 A , dc or ac rms | 2 A , dc or ac rms <br> 8 A , dc or ac rms |
| Maximum Power | Per Channel: Per Module: | 60 W dc; 62.5 VA ac 240 W dc; 250 VA ac | 60 W dc; 62.5 VA ac 240 W dc; 250 VA ac | 60 W dc; 500 VA ac 240 W dc; 2000 VA ac |
| Maximum Overvoltage Transients |  | N/A | N/A | $1400 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pk}}$ |
| Thermal Offset: |  | $<3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ differential | $<3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ differential | $<3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ differential |
| Initial Closed Channel Resistance: |  | $<1 \Omega$ | $<1 \Omega$ | $<1 \Omega$ |
| Relay Life |  | Mechanical: $10^{8}$ (at 36000 operations/hour) <br> Electrical: $5 \times 10^{5}$ (1A load) | Mechanical: $10^{8}$ <br> (at 36000 operations/hour) <br> Electrical: $5 \times 10^{5}$ ( 1 A load) | $10^{8}$ operations/chan (dry load of $<300 \mathrm{~mA} \&<10 \mathrm{~V}$ ) $10^{5}$ operations/chan (maximum rated load) |
| Maximum Scan Ra |  | 80 Chans/sec | 80 Chans/sec | 43 Chans/sec |

DC ISOLATION (with terminal block)

| Open Channel, | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 60 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{11} \Omega$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Channel-Channel | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega$ |
| (with 1 channel closed) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| HI-LO | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 60 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega$ |
| (with 1 channel closed) | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{8} \Omega$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| Channel-Chassis | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 60 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{10} \Omega$ |
| (with 1 channel closed) | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>10^{9} \Omega$ | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}\right):>5 \times 10^{8} \Omega$ |

AC ISOLATION / PERFORMANCE ${ }^{b}$ (without terminal block)

| Capacitance (with 1 channel closed) | Open Channel, Channel-Channel: HI-LO: Channel-Chassis: | $\begin{aligned} & <7 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <30 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <50 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <7 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <25 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <40 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <5 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <40 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <70 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insertion Loss (with $50 \Omega$ termination) | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.60 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.60 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.30 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.35 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.90 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| Crosstalk <br> (with $50 \Omega$ termination) | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-73 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-53 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-28 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-76 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-56 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-33 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-76 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-56 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-36 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |

a. Agilent N2265A combines a $4 \times 4$ matrix and a 16-bit digital I/O into one module. It can be operated as two separate modules.
b. With chassis of all instruments connected, and with Low Terminal of the input connected to Low Terminal of the output (either directly or via Agilent 3499A/B switching channels).

Digital I/O Modules
The digital I/O modules available with Agilent 3499A/B include: Agilent N2263A 32-bit digital I/O, Agilent 44474A 16-bit digital I/O module and the 16-bit digital I/O on both the Agilent N2264A/65A multifunction modules. The specifications are listed in the table below.

a. Both the Agilent N2264A and N2265A are multifunction modules, the specifications listed in this table are for the 16-bit digital I/O function on the Agilent N2264A and N2265A.
b. Both El and CC lines are used for external controlled scanning. This item is for Agilent 44474A only.
c. When the next channel closes, the Agilent 44474A outputs a CC pulse to trigger the voltmeter. This item is for Agilent 44474A only.

Agilent N2269A DIO + DAC module's specifications:

| ITEMS |  | SPECIFICATIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIGITAL I/O LINES |  |  |
| maximum Voltage (line-to-chassis) Maximum Sink Current (per bit) <br> Maximum Block Transfer Rate Output Characteristics Input Characteristics Isolation Voltage | Vout (high) Vout (low) <br> Vin (high) Vin (low) | $+5.25 \text { VDC }$ <br> 16 mA <br> Up to 3.57 M by $16 \mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{s}$ $\begin{aligned} & >=2.4 \mathrm{~V} @ \mid<=10 \mathrm{~mA} \text { output } \\ & <=0.8 \mathrm{~V} @ \mid<=16 \mathrm{~mA} \text { input } \\ & >=2.0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & <=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 350 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ |
| HANDSHAKE LINES |  |  |
| Maximum Voltage (line-to-chassis) Output Characteristics Input Characteristics | Vout (high) <br> Vout (low) <br> lout (low) <br> Vin (high) <br> Vin (low) | $\begin{aligned} & +5 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & >=2.4 \mathrm{~V} @ \mid<=400 \mathrm{~mA} \text { output } \\ & <=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { @ } \mid<=1 \mathrm{~mA} \text { input } \\ & <=25 \mathrm{~mA} \text { (when shorted to }+5 \mathrm{~V} \text { ) } \\ & >=2.0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & <=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| DAC LINES |  |  |
| Analog Output Range Resolution Maximum Output Current Setting Time Accuracy Temp Coefficient Data Update Rate | lout | $\begin{aligned} & +12 \mathrm{~V} \text {, non-isolated } \\ & 1 \mathrm{mV} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 1 \mathrm{~ms} \text { to } 0.01 \% \text { of Output } \\ & 0.04 \% \text { of Output }+4 \mathrm{mV} @ 24 \mathrm{hour}^{2} 1^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \pm(0.015 \% \text { of Output }+1 \mathrm{mV}) \\ & 781.25 \mathrm{KHz} \end{aligned}$ |

Agilent 44472A VHF Switch Module

Agilent 44472A VHF Switch module contains 14 latching relays, which provides dual independent 4-to-1 coaxial MUXs. The specifications are listed in the table below.

| ITEMS |  | SPECIFICATIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |
| Total Channels: <br> Connector Type: <br> Maximum Voltage <br> Maximum Current <br> Thermal Offset <br> Characteristic Impedance: <br> Initial Closed Channel Resistance: <br> Relay Life <br> Maximum Scan Rate ${ }^{\text {a }}$ : | Center-Center or Center-Low: Low-Chassis or Low-Low: <br> Per Channel: <br> Per Channel: <br> Dry Load of < $300 \mathrm{~mA} \&<10 \mathrm{~V}$ : Maximum Rated Load: | dual 4 BNC (x10) <br> 250 V dc, 30 V ac rms or 42 V ac peak <br> 42 V dc <br> $30 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{dc}, 300 \mathrm{~mA}$ ac rms $<15 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $50 \Omega$ <br> $<1 \Omega$ <br> $10^{8}$ <br> $10^{5}$ <br> 43 Chans/sec |
| DC ISOLATION |  |  |
| Between Any Two Points | $<\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}\right)$ : | $>10^{7} \Omega$ |
| AC ISOLATION / PERFORMANCE ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |
| Capacitance | Center-Center, Center-Common: Center-Low: <br> Low-Chassis: | $\begin{aligned} & <0.002 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <70 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <0.20 \mu \mathrm{~F} \end{aligned}$ |
| Rise Time: |  | $<0.7 \mathrm{~ns}$ |
| Signal Delay: |  | $<2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$ (channel match < 90 ps ) |
| Insertion Loss (with $50 \Omega$ termination) | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 100 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 300 \mathrm{MHz} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.50 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.75 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <1.25 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| Crosstalk Within a Group (Channel-Channel or Channel-Common, with $50 \Omega$ termination) | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 100 \mathrm{MHz} \text { : } \\ & 300 \mathrm{MHz} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-100 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-85 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-65 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| Crosstalk Group to Group (with $50 \Omega$ termination) | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 100 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 300 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-85 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-85 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-50 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| VSWR (with $50 \Omega$ termination) | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 100 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 300 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <1.06 \\ & <1.12 \\ & <1.43 \end{aligned}$ |

a. Using Agilent 44474A external increment \& channel closed, display off.
b. When all channels in a group are opened, the last channel opened (or channel 00 or 13 following a group RESET) has channel-common isolation of > 80 dB @ $30 \mathrm{MHz},>60 \mathrm{~dB} @ 100 \mathrm{MHz}$, and $>40 \mathrm{~dB}$ @ 300 MHz .

## Agilent 44475A Breadboard Module

Agilent 44475A is a breadboard module, and the specifications are listed in the table below.

| ITEMS | SPECIFICATIONS |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODULE DIMENTIONS | $104 \mathrm{~mm} \times 74 \mathrm{~mm}$ and $79 \mathrm{~mm} \times 74 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> $\left(4.1^{\prime \prime} \times 2.9^{\prime \prime}\right.$ and $\left.3.1^{\prime \prime} \times 2.9^{\prime \prime}\right)$ |
| Component Area Available: | $2.54 \mathrm{~mm} \times 2.54 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.1^{\prime \prime} \times 0.1^{\prime \prime}\right)$ |
| Grid Hole Spacing (center-center): | $1.17 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.046^{\prime \prime}\right)$ |
| Grid Hole Size (inside diameter): | $12.7 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.5^{\prime \prime}\right)$ |
| Maximum Component Height (above board): | $3.2 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.125^{\prime \prime}\right)$ |
| Maximum lead Length (below board): |  |
|  |  |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | 42 V dc, $30 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac} \mathrm{rms}$,42 V ac peak (on Breadboard area) |
| Maximum Voltage: | 5.5 V (on Digital Input port lines) |
| Maximum Power Dissipation (per module): | 2 Watt |

Agilent 44476A Agilent 44476A is a microwave switch module, the specifications of it are Microwave Switch listed in the table below: Module

| ITEMS |  | SPECIFICATIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |
| Frequency Range: <br> Characteristic Impedance: <br> Input Power Rating: <br> Average Switch Life: <br> Repeatability (typical): <br> Maximum Scan Rate ${ }^{\text {a }}$ : <br> Connector: |  | DC to 18 GHz <br> $50 \Omega$ <br> 1 Watt average, <br> 100 Watts peak (Also less than $\pm 7 \mathrm{~V}$ dc) <br> $10^{6}$ operations per channel <br> 0.03 dB after $10^{6}$ switchings <br> 43 Chans/sec <br> SMA |
| AC ISOLATION / PERFORMANCE |  |  |
| Isolation <br> Insertion Loss <br> VSWR (3 mm SMA) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DC}-18 \mathrm{GHz}: \\ & \mathrm{DC}-2 \mathrm{GHz}: \\ & \mathrm{DC}-18 \mathrm{GHz}: \\ & \text { DC }-2 \mathrm{GHz}: \\ & \text { DC }-12.4 \mathrm{GHz}: \\ & \text { DC }-18.0 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & >90 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \\ & <0.25 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.50 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <1.15 \\ & <1.25 \\ & <1.40 \end{aligned}$ |

a. Using Agilent 44474A External Increment \& Channel Closed, display off.

Agilent 44477A Form-C Relay Module

Agilent 44477A module provides seven independent, break-before-make, SPDT Form-C latching relays, the specifications of it are listed in the table below.

| ITEMS |  | SPECIFICATIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |
| Total Channels: <br> Maximum Voltage <br> Maximum Current <br> Maximum Power <br> Maximum Overvoltage Transients: <br> Thermal Offset: <br> Initial Closed Channel Resistance: <br> Relay Life <br> Maximum Scan Rate ${ }^{\text {a }}$ : | Terminal-Terminal or Terminal-Chassis: <br> Per Channel: <br> Per Module: <br> Per Channel: <br> Per Module: <br> Dry Load of < $300 \mathrm{~mA} \&<10 \mathrm{~V}$ : Maximum Rated Load: | 7 <br> 250 V dc or ac rms, 350 V ac peak <br> 2 A , dc or ac rms <br> 14 A , dc or ac rms <br> 60 W dc; 500 VA ac <br> $420 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{dc} ; 3500 \mathrm{VA}$ ac <br> $1400 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pk}}$ <br> $<3 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ per channel <br> $<1 \Omega$ <br> $10^{8}$ operations/chan <br> $10^{5}$ operations/chan <br> 43 Chans/sec |
| DC ISOLATION |  |  |
| Open Channel, Channel-Channel (with 1 channel closed) <br> Channel-Chassis (with 1 channel closed) | $\begin{aligned} & \leq\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 60 \% \mathrm{RH}\right): \\ & \leq\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}\right): \\ & \leq\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 60 \% \mathrm{RH}\right): \\ & \leq\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}\right): \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & >10^{11} \Omega \\ & >10^{9} \Omega \\ & >5 \times 10^{11} \Omega \\ & >10^{10} \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| AC ISOLATION/PERFORMANCE ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |
| Capacitance (with 1 channel closed) <br> Insertion Loss (with $50 \Omega$ termination) <br> Crosstalk (with $50 \Omega$ termination) | Open Channel, Channel-Channel: Channel-Chassis: $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{kHz}: \\ & 1 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \end{aligned}$ $100 \text { kHz: }$ <br> 1 MHz : <br> 10 MHz : | $\begin{aligned} & <10 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <25 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \\ & <0.20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.25 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.50 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-73 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-53 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-33 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |

a. Using Agilent 44474A external increment \& channel closed, display off.
b. With chassis of all instruments connected, and with the Low of input lines connected to the Low of output lines (either directly or via Agilent 3499A/B switched channels)

Agilent 44478A/B 1.3 GHz MUX Modules

The specifications of the Agilent 44478A/B are listed in the table below. Specifications in the table describe the modules' warranted performance over the temperature range 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Information marked by the "Typical" designation is helpful in applying the modules, but is non-warranted information.

| ITEMS |  | SPECIFICATIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |
| Total Channels: |  | dual 4 |
| Maximum Voltage (any center/shield to any other center/shield/chassis): |  | $42 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{dc}+$ ac peak |
| Maximum Current (per channel or common): |  | 1 Adc , or ac rms |
| Maximum Power | Per Channel or Common: Each Resistive Termination: | $24 \mathrm{~W}, 24 \mathrm{VA}$ or 44 dBm <br> $0.25 \mathrm{~W}, 0.25 \mathrm{VA}$ or 24 dBm |
| Characteristic Impedance | Agilent 44478A: Agilent 44478B: | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \Omega \\ & 75 \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| Relay Life (Typical) | With no load: <br> At maximum rated power: | $5 \times 10^{6}$ operations $10^{5}$ operations |
| Maximum Scan Rate ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 43 Chans/sec |
| DC PERFORMANCE |  |  |
| Thermal Offset (per channel): |  | $<6 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ (<2 $\mu \mathrm{V}$, Typical |
| Initial Closed Channel Resistance: |  | $<1 \Omega$ |
| Insulation Resistance <br> (any terminal to any terminal) | $\begin{aligned} & \leq\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}\right): \\ & \leq\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 40 \% \mathrm{RH}\right): \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & >10^{8} \Omega \\ & >10^{10} \Omega \text { (Typical) } \end{aligned}$ |
| AC ISOLATION / PERFORMANCE $\left(Z_{L}=Z_{S}=50 \Omega \text { or } 75 \Omega\right)^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |
| Insertion Loss |  |  |
| $\leq 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & \leq 100 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \leq 500 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \leq 1.3 \mathrm{GHz}: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.3 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.7 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <1.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <3.0 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\leq \mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathbf{4 0 \%} \mathbf{R H}$ (Typical) | $\begin{aligned} & \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & \leq 100 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \leq 500 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & \leq 1.3 \mathrm{GHz}: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.2 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <1.1 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <1.9 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| Crosstalk ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |
| Channel-Channel, Channel-Common (with 1 channel closed) | $\begin{aligned} & \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & \leq 100 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \leq 500 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \leq 1.3 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-90 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-80 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-65 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-55 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| Group-Group, Module-Module | $\begin{aligned} & \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & \leq 100 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & \leq 500 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \leq 1.3 \mathrm{GHz}: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <-90 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-80 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-70 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & <-6 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| vSWR | $\begin{aligned} & \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & \leq 100 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \leq 500 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \leq 1.3 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <1.20 \\ & <1.25 \\ & <1.35 \\ & <1.55 \end{aligned}$ |
| Capacitance | Center-Center: Center-Shield: | $\begin{aligned} & <0.006 \mathrm{pF} \\ & <60 \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ |
| Rise Time: |  | < 300 ps |
| Signal Delay: |  | $<3 \mathrm{~ns}$ (channel matched to $\pm 50 \mathrm{ps}$ ) |

a. Using Agilent 44474A external increment \& channel closed, display off
b. $Z_{L}=Z_{S}=50 \Omega$ applies for Agilent 44478 A and $Z_{L}=Z_{S}=75 \Omega$ applies for Agilent 44478B
c. The CrossTalk specifications assume $50 \Omega$ termination for 44478 A and $75 \Omega$ termination for 44478 B. If all channels unterminated, derate specification by 6 dB.

Agilent N2280A/N2281A Optical Switch Modules

The specifications of the Agilent N2280A/N2281A are listed in the table below. Information in the column "Typical" is helpful in applying the modules.

| ITEMS | SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Agilent N2280A |  | Agilent N2281A |  |
|  | Typical | Maximum | Typical | Maximum |
| Insertion Loss: Single-mode (SM) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.5 dB | 0.8 dB | 0.5 dB | 0.8 dB |
| Return Loss: SM ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 50 dB | 45 dB (min.) | 50 dB | 45 dB (min.) |
| Polarization Dependent Loss: SM | 0.02 dB | 0.07 dB | 0.02 dB | 0.07 dB |
| Insertion Loss Stability ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | $\pm 0.03 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.05 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.03 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.05 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Repeatability | $\pm 0.003 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.005 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.003 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.005 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Crosstalk | -70 dB | -60 dB | -70 dB | -60 dB |
| Optical Input Power |  | 300 mW |  | 300 mW |
| Switching Time | 15 ms | 20 ms | 20 ms | 25 ms |
| Cycle Rate |  | $5 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $5 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Relay Life |  | 10M cycles (min.) |  | 10M cycles (min.) |
| Operating Temperature |  | -25 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -25 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature |  | -40 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | -40 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity (non-condensing) |  | 95\% |  | 95\% |
| Power | $5 \pm 5 \% \mathrm{VDC} / 45 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $5 \pm 5 \% \mathrm{VDC} / 70 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $5 \pm 5 \% \mathrm{VDC} / 45 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $5 \pm 5 \% \mathrm{VDC} / 70 \mathrm{~mA}$ |

a. Excluding connectors. Include 0.2 dB (typical insertion loss) for each connector.
b. Excluding connectors.
c. Drift of any channel relative to one assigned reference channel at $+/-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ deviation of ambient temperature over a seven-day period.

## Chapter 2

## Getting Started

## About This Chapter

This chapter describes the procedure to install the plug-in modules into a mainframe and mount the mainframe onto a system rack, followed by the basic front panel operations of an Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System. The chapter contents include:

- To Prepare the Instrument for Use . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 17
- Module Installation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 18
- Operating the Instrument . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 20
- To Rack Mount the Agilent 3499A/B . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 24


## To Prepare the Instrument for Use

Check the List of Supplied Items

Verify that you have received the following items with each one of your $3499 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ mainframe. If anything is missing, contact your nearest Agilent Technologies Sales Office.
-- One power cord;
-- One User's Guide (default);
-- One Quick Reference (default) ${ }^{[1]}$;
-- One Tie Down Clip 03499-21002 (for Agilent 3499B only);
-- Any plug-in modules you ordered, which were delivered in separate shipping containers.

This Service Manual must be ordered separately.

## Initial Inspection

The Agilent 3499A/B was carefully inspected, both mechanically and electrically, before shipment. It should be free of any scratches and in perfect electrical order upon receipt. You should inspect the Unit for any damage that may have occurred in transit.

WARNING To avoid potentially hazardous electrical shock, do not perform electrical tests when there are signs of damage to any portion of the outer enclosure.

If the shipping container or packing material shows any signs of damage or stress, you should notify both carrier and the nearest Agilent Technologies Sales Office.

[^1]Make sure no mechanical damages on the instrument, then you can perform the following procedure to verify that the instrument is in proper working order.

1. Connect the instrument to an AC power source with the supplied power cord.
2. Push the Power switch to power on the instrument.
3. On power-up, every segment in the display should light up briefly. The internal self-test will begin following this "starburst" display.
4. If the self-test passes, the default system mode and the GPIB address are displayed, together with a "beep" sound. Then the display shows the instrument model number.

If the instrument failed the self-test, contact your nearest Agilent Technologies Sales Office.

1. Verify that the power cord is firmly plugged into the power receptacle on the rear panel of the instrument.
2. Make sure that the power source the instrument is plugged into is energized.
3. Verify that the instrument is turned on.

Note If the instrument DOES NOT turn on after you perform the above procedure, contact your nearest Agilent Technologies Sales Office.

## Module Installation

> WARNING Only qualified personnel should install or remove the plug-in modules into or from an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe. Make sure to disconnect the power cord from the back of the mainframe prior to installing or removing any modules.

## Caution Use anti-static procedures when configuring, installing or removing any plug-in modules. To prevent contamination to the modules that could degrade performance, handle the modules by the side edges or shields only. Do not touch the board surfaces or components.

## Module Installation

Upon receipt of an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe, the plug-in modules you ordered were not installed in the mainframe. In addition, the terminal block(s) and/or the cables ordered for wiring external test circuits are also separated from your modules.

Figure 2-1 on Page 19 shows the procedure to install a plug-in module into
the mainframe 3499B, as well as to attach a screw terminal block onto the module. For 3499A, the installation procedure is the same as in 3499B. For the details about screw terminal blocks, crimp-and-insert terminal blocks and/or DIN-to-D cables wiring, see "Plug-in Modules Wiring Information" on Page 95.


Figure 2-1. Module installation
Module Removal
To remove a plug-in module from an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe, reverse the procedures above.

## Operating the Instrument

An Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System can be easily operated from the front-panel, or programmed with SCPI (in SCPI mode) or Agilent 3488A (in Agilent 3488A mode) commands over the remote interface.

The following sections are only intended to show some basic front-panel operation. For more information about the front panel operation, refer to Chapter 3 "Front-Panel Operation" starting from Page 27.

## Channel Addressing

In Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System, a channel refers to an individual relay on a switching module, or an individual bit/port on a digital I/O module. The channel address is in the form of snn, where $s$ represents slot number. Slot 0 refers to the mainframe controller board, $\mathrm{s}=1-2$ (for an Agilent 3499B) or $s=1-5$ (for an Agilent 3499A); $n n$ represents channel number (module dependent, see Table 2-1).

Table 2-1. Plug-in Modules Channel Addressing

| Agilent P/N <br> Descriptions | Channel Addressing <br> (snn, $s=$ Slot Number ${ }^{\text {a } ; ~ n n ~=~ C h a n n e l ~ N u m b e r) ~}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SCPI Mode | Agilent 3488A Mode |
| Agilent 44470A <br> 10-Channel MUX Module | s00, s01, s02, s03... s08, s09 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent 44470D <br> 20-Channel MUX Module | s00, s01, s02, s03... s18, s19 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent 44471A <br> 10-Channel GP Relay Module | s00, s01, s02, s03... s08, s09 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent 44471D <br> 20-Channel GP Relay Module | s00, s01, s02, s03... s18, s19 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent 44472A <br> Dual 4-Channel VHF Module | Group 0: s00, s01, s02, s03; <br> Group 1: s10, s11, s12, s13 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent 44473A <br> $4 \times 4$ Matrix Module | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Row: 0, 1, 2, 3; Column: 0, 1, 2, } 3 \\ & \text { (s00, s01, s02, s03; s10, s11, s12, s13; } \\ & \text { s20, s21, s22, s23; s30, s31, s32, s33) } \end{aligned}$ | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent 44474A 16-Bit Digital I/O Module | Individual Bits: s00, s01, s02... s14, s15 8-Bit Ports: s00, s01 16-Bit Port: s00 | Individual Bits: s00, s01, s02... s14, s15 <br> 8-Bit Ports: s00, s01 <br> 16-Bit Port: s02 |
| Agilent 44475A Breadboard Module | N/A | N/A |
| Agilent 44476A <br> 3-Channel 13 GHz Microwave <br> Switch Module | s00, s01, s02 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent 44476B <br> 2-Channel 26 GHz Microwave <br> Switch Module | s00, s01 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent 44477A <br> 7-Channel Form-C Relay Module | s00, s01, s02, s03, s04, s05, s06 | Same as in SCPI mode. |

Table 2-1. Plug-in Modules Channel Addressing

| Agilent P/N <br> Descriptions | Channel Addressing <br> (snn, $s=$ Slot Number ${ }^{\text {a } ; ~ n n ~=~ C h a n n e l ~ N u m b e r) ~}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SCPI Mode | Agilent 3488A Mode |
| Agilent 44478A/B <br> 50/75 $\Omega$ 1.3 GHz MUX Module | Group 0: s00, s01, s02, s03 <br> Group 1: s10, s11, s12, s13 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent N2260A <br> 40-Channel MUX Module ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 1-Wire Mode: $s 00$, s01... s78, s79d <br> 2-Wire Mode: s00, s01...s38, s39 <br> Dual 2-Wire Mode: s00, s01...s38, s39 <br> 4-Wire Mode: s00, s01...s18, s19e | s00, s01...s38, s39 |
| Agilent N2261A 40-Channel GP Relay Module | s00, s01, s02, s03... s37, s38, s39 | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent N2262A 4X8 Matrix Module | Row 0, 1, 2, 3; Column 0, 1, 2, 3... 6, 7 (s00, s01, s02... s07; s10, s11, s12...s17; s20, s21, s22... s27; s30, s31, s32...s37) | Same as in SCPI mode. |
| Agilent N2263A <br> 32-Bit Digital I/O Module | Individual Bits: s00, s01, s02... s30, s31; <br> 8-Bit Ports: s00, s01, s02, s03; <br> 16-Bit Ports: s00, s02; <br> 32-Bit Port: s00. | Individual Bits: s00, s01, s02... s30, s31; <br> 8-Bit Ports: s00, s01, s02, s03; <br> 16-Bit Ports: s04, s05; <br> 32-Bit Port: s06. |
| Agilent N2264A <br> 12-Channel GP Relay + <br> 3-Channel High-current GP Relay + 16-Bit Digital I/O Module | 12 GP Relays: s00, s01, s02... s10, s11; <br> 3 High-current GP Relays: s20, s21, s22; <br> 16-Bit Digital I/O: <br> Individual Bits: s30, s31, s32... s44, s45; <br> 8-Bit Ports: s30, s31; <br> 16-Bit Port: s30. | 12 GP Relays: s00, s01, s02... s10, s11; <br> 3 High-current GP Relays: s20, s21, s22; <br> 16-Bit Digital I/O: <br> Individual Bits: s30, s31, s32... s44, s45; <br> 8-Bit Ports: s30, s31; <br> 16-Bit Port: $s 32$. |
| Agilent N2265A <br> 4X4 Matrix + <br> 16-Bit Digital I/O Module | 4X4 Matrix: Row 0, 1, 2, 3; Column 0, 1, 2, 3 (s00, s01, s02, s03; s10, s11, s12, s13; s20, s21, s22, s23; s30, s31, s32, s33) <br> 16-Bit Digital I/O: <br> Individual Bits: $s 40, s 41, s 42 . . s 54, s 55$; <br> 8-Bit Ports: $s 40, s 41$; <br> 16-Bit Port: s40. | 4X4 Matrix: Same as in SCPI mode. <br> 16-Bit Digital I/O: <br> Individual Bits: s40, s41, s42... s54, s55; <br> 8-Bit Ports: s40, s41; <br> 16-Bit Port: s42. |
| Agilent N2266A <br> 40-Channel MUX Module | 1-Wire Mode: $s 00, s 01 \ldots s 78, s 79$ <br> 2-Wire Mode: s00, s01...s38, s39 <br> Dual 2-Wire Mode: s00, s01...s38, s39 <br> 4-Wire Mode: s00, s01...s18, s19 | s00, s01...s38, s39 |
| Agilent N2267A <br> 8-Channel High Current GP Module | s00, s01, ... s06, s07 | s00, s01,..., s06, s07 |
| Agilent N2268A <br> $50 \Omega 3.5 \mathrm{GHz}$ Dual 1-to-4 MUX Module | Group 0: s00, s01, s02, s03 <br> Group 1: s10, s11, s12, s13 | Same as in SCPI mode. |

Table 2-1. Plug-in Modules Channel Addressing

| Agilent P/N <br> Descriptions | Channel Addressing <br> (snn, $s=$ Slot Number ${ }^{\text {a }} ; n n=$ Channel Number) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SCPI Mode | Agilent 3488A Mode |
| Agilent N2269A <br> Multifunction Module | ```16-Bit D/A Port: s40, s42 16-Bit Memory Access Port: S50 Digital I/O: individual Bits: s00, s01,..., s30, s31 8-Bit Port: s00, s01, s02, s03 16-Bit Port: s00, s02``` | ```16-Bit D/A Port: s44, s45 16-Bit Memory Access Port: S58 Digital I/O: individual Bits: s00, s01,..., s30, s31 8-Bit Port: s00, s01, s02, s03 16-Bit Port: s04, s05``` |
| Agilent N2270A <br> 10-Channel High Voltage MUX Module | s00, s01,..., s08, s09 | s00, s01,..., s08, s09 |
| Agilent N2280A <br> Quadruple 1-to-2 Optical Switch Module | Group0: s00, s01 <br> Group1: s10, s11 <br> Group2: s20, s21 <br> Group3: s30, s31 | Group0: s00, s01 <br> Group1: s10, s11 <br> Group2: s20, s21 <br> Group3: s30, s31 |
| Agilent N2281A <br> Dual 1-to-4 Optical Switch Module | Group0: s00, s01, s02, s03 Group1: s10, s11, s12, s13 | Group0: s00, s01, s02, s03 <br> Group1: s10, s11, s12, s13 |
| 4-Bit Built-in Digital I/O | Individual Bits: 091, 092, 093, 094; 4-Bit Port: 090. | Same as in SCPI mode. |

a. For an Agilent 3499A, the Slot Number = 1-5; for an Agilent 3499B, the Slot Number = 1-2.
b. A channel number on a matrix module is formed in Slot-Row-Column format, i.e., channel address s 23 means row 2 , column 3 in Slot s.
c. Agilent N2260A can be used as an 80-channel 1-wire MUX module, a 40-channel 2-wire MUX module, two 20-channel 2-wire MUX modules, or a 20 -channel 4 -wire MUX module in SCPI mode.
d. The Low (L) terminals of the 402 -wire channels form the first 401 -wire channels (Channels 00-39), and the High (H) terminals of the 402 -wire channels form the second 401 -wire channels (Channels 40-79).
e. The first channels ( CH 00 \& CH 20 ) of either banks (BANK 0 and BANK 1) form Channel 00 , the second channels ( $\mathrm{CH} 01 \& \mathrm{CH} 21$ ) of either banks form Channel 01, and so on.
f. In Agilent 3488A mode, Agilent N2260A is used as a 40-channel 2-wire MUX module.

## Basic Front-Panel Operation

The following examples demonstrate some basic operation to operated the Agilent 3499A/B. Assuming that an Agilent N2260A module is installed in slot 1 of the Agilent 3499A and configured as a 40-channel 2-wire MUX (default setting), the channels on the Agilent N2260A can be addressed as 100 through 139.

## To Open/Close a Channel

Turn the knob to the desired channel (i.e. 102), the channel specified is shown on the channel display area.

| MUX | OPEN | 102 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Press Open/Close ${ }^{[1]}$ to open/close the selected channel.
Only one channel can be opened/closed each time, repeat the procedure above to open/close other channels.

Note To open all channels on a module, press Card Reset. To open all channels on the plug-in modules in an Agilent 3499A/B, press Shift + Card Reset ${ }^{[2]}$, or cycle power the instrument.

## To Change the Instrument System Mode

The Agilent 3499A/B can be operated in either one of the two system modes: SCPI mode and Agilent 3488A mode. The instrument is set to SCPI mode (factory default).

To change the system mode, press Menu first, turn the knob until the "SYSTEM MODE" is displayed, press Enter; then turn the knob to the specific system mode, press Enter again to change the instrument system mode.

Note Switching between SCPI mode and Agilent 3488A mode will reset the instrument to the factory default settings (except the GPIB address).

## To View Relay Cycles

The relay cycle counts for the switching relays on Agilent N226X series modules can be read out. These modules include:

1. Agilent N2260A 40-Channel 2-Wire MUX Module;
2. Agilent N2261A 40-Channel GP Relay Module;
3. Agilent N2262A $4 \times 8$ 2-Wire Matrix Switch Module;
4. Agilent N2264A Multifunction Module;
[^2]
## 5. Agilent N2265A Multifunction Module.

To read out the relay cycles, press View, turn the knob until the "RELAY CYCLES" is displayed, press Enter to view the relay cycles of the switching relays. Turn the knob to view all the relay cycles on the plug-in modules.

Note "N/A" will be displayed a little while if there are no Agilent N226X series switching modules plugged into the instrument.

## To View the Errors

The Agilent $3499 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ can store up to 10 errors in the error queue. Once an error occurs, the ERROR annunciator turns on.

To view the errors, press View, turn the knob until "ERROR" is displayed, press Enter to view the error. Refer to Appendix C "Schematics" starting from Page 113 for more error message.

Note In SCPI mode, the instrument will display "NO ERROR" for a little while, then return to the upper menu if the error queue is empty. In Agilent 3488A mode, the instrument will display " 0000 " if no error occurs.

## To Rack Mount the Agilent 3499A/B

You can mount the Agilent 3499A/B mainframes on a standard 19-inch rack cabinet with the optional rack-mounting kits. The instructions and mounting hardware are included with each rack-mounting kit.

To Mount an Agilent 3499A

To rack mount an Agilent 3499A, the full-rack-width mainframe, order an adapter kit 5183-7171 (Figure 2-2).


Figure 2-2. Rack Mount an Agilent 3499A

## To Mount an Agilent 3499B

To rack mount a single Agilent 3499B, the half-rack-width mainframe, order an adapter kit 5183-7172 (Figure 2-3), or an Agilent Support Shelf


Figure 2-3. Rack Mount a Single Agilent 3499B - I


Figure 2-4. Rack Mount a Single Agilent 3499B - II
To rack mount two Agilent 3499B's side-by-side or any Agilent System II instrument side-by-side with an Agilent 3499B, order an Agilent Support Shelf 5063-9255, and a slide kit 1494-0015 (Figure 2-5).


Figure 2-5. Rack Mount Two Agilent 3499B’s Side-by-side
Note To rack mount an Agilent 3499B with an Agilent Support Shelf 5063-9255, a Tie Down Clip (P/N 03499-21002) provided with an Agilent 3499B must be used to fix the Agilent 3499B onto the shelf.

## Chapter 3

## Front-Panel Operation

## About This Chapter

This chapter introduces you to each front-panel menu, it covers all aspects of front-panel operation. Chapter contents include:

- Front-Panel Overview . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 28
- Local/Remote Control . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 30
- To Monitor a Channel or a Slot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 30
- To Close or Open a Channel . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 32
- To Read from a Digital I/O Port . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 32
- To Write to a Digital I/O Port . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 32
- To Store an Instrument State . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 33
- To Recall an Instrument State . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 34
- View Key Operation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 34
- Mode Key Operation. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 36
- Scanning Operation. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 39
- Menu Key Operation. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 43
- To Reset a Module . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 50
- To Reset the Instrument . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 50

The following conventions are used for the front-panel operation.

- The keys on the front-panel keyboard are expressed in bold font and normally associated with a "press". For example, press Mon.
- The front panel display annunciators are expressed in bold font followed by an "annunciator". For example, MON annunciator.
- The information shown on the front panel display is enclosed within a pair of quotation marks.
- Shift + Recall ${ }^{[1]}$ indicates the sequential operation: first press Shift, then press Recall.

Note If no key is pressed within 5 seconds or an invalid key is pressed after the key Shift has been pressed, the SHIFT annunciator will turn off.

Note During a menu operation, if no key is pressed within 30 seconds or an invalid key is pressed, the instrument will exit the operation.

[^3]
## Front-Panel Overview

The Agilent 3499A/B can be operated in either SCPI mode or Agilent 3488A mode. All the operations demonstrated in this chapter apply to both modes, unless specifically indicated.


Note: 1. The keys labled with (10), (11), (14), and (15) guide you through menus to configure various parameters of the instrument. The details on these menus operation are demonstrated later in this chapter.
2. The keys labled with (2), (3), (4), (12) and (14) are double-function keys. See the next page for the rules of their operation.

1. Power on/standby
2. a. Reset a module
b. Reset instrument
3. Shift/Local key
4. a. Recall instrument state
b. Store instrument state
5. Monitor a channel/port/module
6. Open relay channel
7. Close relay channel
8. Read from DIO port
9. Write to DIO port
10. Enable View menu to:

View errors
View scan list
View relay cycle counts
11. Enable Mode menu to:

Configure MUX module Configure DIO module
12. a. Initiate scan
b. Stop scan
13. Step through scan list
14. a. Enable S.List menu to:

Create scan list Select arm source Select arm count Select trigger source Set channel delay time

## b. Clear scan list

15. Enable Menu menu to:

Pair two modules together
Enable/disable trigger out pulse
Set instrument power-on state
Configure GPIB/RS-232 interface
Perform self-test
Select SCPI/3488A mode
Query firmware revision
Query serial number
16. Confirm the selection
17. Left arrow key
18. Right arrow key
19. Knob

Figure 3-1. Agilent 3499B Front Panel

## Display



Annunciators

As shown in above figure, the display is divided into three areas. Channel area displays the channel/port/slot number. The main display area displays the channel status (open/closed), or other information messages. Around the main display area are the annunciators, as listed in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1. Annunciators Summary

| Annunciator | Indication |
| :---: | :--- |
| SCAN | Scan is initiated. |
| MON | Instrument is in monitor mode. |
| VIEW | Scan list, errors or relay cycle counts are being viewed. |
| CONFIG | Any configuration key has been pressed. |
| ${ }^{*}$ | Instrument is advancing a scan step. |
| ADRS | Instrument is addressed to listen or talk over the remote interface. |
| RMT | Instrument is in remote mode. |
| ERROR | Error queue is not empty. |
| EXT | Scan is waiting for external trigger source. |
| SHIFT | Shift key has been pressed. |

Channel Addressing

Many of the front-panel operations require you specify one or more channels. A channel refers to an individual relay on a switching module, or an individual bit/port on a digital I/O module. The channel address is in the form of snn, where $s$ is the Slot Number (1-5 for an Agilent 3499A, 1-2 for an Agilent 3499B and Slot 0 reserves for the 4-bit built-in digital I/O), and $n n$ represents channel number on the plug-in modules (module dependent). Refer to Table 2-1 on Page 20 for more details about the channel addressing.

The two arrow keys (<= and =>) together with the knob are used to select slots and channels. The following procedure shows you how to do that.

1. Select a slot. Press the two arrow keys to select a desired slot directly, or turn the knob to select the desired slot number.

| N 2260 A | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |

2. Select a channel. Turn the knob to select a channel ( 3 digital number). As shown below, the top display indicates the current channel 101 is a MUX channel and in OPEN state, and the lower indicates that the current bit 401 is a digital input port.


Note Open, Close, Read and Write keys are invalid if a slot, instead of a channel, is selected.

To demonstrate the following operations more easily and clearly, we assume five modules have been installed in an Agilent 3499A mainframe. The configuration is:

Slot $1 \quad$ Agilent N2260A MUX module
Slot 2 Agilent N2261A GP Relay module
Slot $3 \quad$ Agilent N2262A Matrix module
Slot $4 \quad$ Agilent N2263A Digital I/O module
Slot $5 \quad$ Agilent N2260A MUX module

## Local/Remote Control

When power-up, the instrument is in local mode. All keys on the front panel are fully functional. When receiving any command from the remote interface, the instrument automatically switches to remote mode (ADRS and RMT annunciators light up), all front-panel keys are locked, except the keys Local, Mon, View, Enter, the two arrow keys and the knob.

Local and Shift use the same key. While in local mode, it is used as Shift key. While in remote mode (the RMT annunciator turns on), it is used as Local key.

## To Monitor a Channel or a Slot

In a switch/control system, it is necessary to acquire, confirm and continuously monitor the current status of a particular switching channel, a
digital I/O port, or an entire plug-in module. Agilent 3499A/B provides you the ability to achieve the above.

1. Press Mon, the MON annunciator lights up;
2. Select the slot or the channel/port to be monitored;
3. Press Enter to display the next part if necessary;
4. Press Mon again to exit the monitoring state, the MON annunciator turns off.

Table 3-2. Display on Monitoring Mode

| Display |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1:0, , , , , ,6, , ,9, | 2 | The display for a multiplexer or a GP relay module. This display indicates that the monitored module is in Slot 2 and channels 10, 16, and 19 are closed. |
| ROW 3: ,1, ,3, , ,6,7 | 3 | The display for a matrix module. The top is the row information, indicating that the relays on Row 3, Columns 1, 3, 6 and 7 of the module (in Slot 3 ) are closed. The lower display is the column information, indicating that relays on column 3 , row 0 and 3 are closed. |
| 0; , ,3,COL 3, | 3 |  |
| 00:H255 L254. | 4 | The display for a digital I/O module. The first 2 digits on the left ("00" in this case) represents the "L" 8-bit port address. Adding one to this value, the "H" 8 -bit port address is obtained. Data with a trailing decimal point indicates that the last operation on that port was a WRITE, data without a trailing decimal point indicates that the last operation on that port was a READ. This display shows that the data last read from Port 401 is 255 and the data last written to Port 400 is 254. |
| DIO 12 | 090 | The top display is for the built-in digital I/O Port 090 and the data from the last operation. <br> The lower display indicates that data last written to the bit channel 091 is 0 . |
| DOUT 0 | 091 |  |
| ROW 0: ,1, ,3, | 5 | For a multifunction module, the first function on the module is displayed, then the next. This display is an example of a multifunction module with matrix and DIO functions. |
| 00:H255 L254. | 5 |  |

Note The built-in digital I/O can be monitored either as individual bit channels (091-094) or as a 4-bit port (090).

Note For MUX modules and GP Relay modules, 10 channels can be displayed at one time; for matrix modules, one ROW or one Column can be displayed at one time; for digital I/O modules, two 8 -bit ports can be displayed at one time. For multifunction modules, the first function on the module is displayed, then the next.

## To Close or Open a Channel

To close/open a channel, you need to:

1. Select the channel to be closed or opened;
2. Press Close/Open to close/open the channel.

Repeat steps $1 \& 2$ to close or open other channels.

## To Read from a Digital I/O Port

To read data from the built-in digital I/O port/bits (090-094), or any one of the 8 -bit ports on a digital I/O, you need to:

1. Select a digital I/O port;
2. Press Read to read data from the selected port.

For example, the display below shows the data read from Port 401.

| DIN | 255401 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Decimal format |
| DIN | 11111111401 |

Note Data display format of individual 8-bit ports can be specified either in binary or decimal. Once specified, the format applies to all input and output operations on the same port (refer to "Mode Key Operation" on Page 36).

## To Write to a Digital I/O Port

To write data to the built-in digital I/O port/bits (090-094), or any one of the 8 -bit ports on a digital I/O, you need to:

1. Select a digital I/O port to be written to ("DIN" indicates that the last operation on the port is a READ, and "DOUT", a WRITE);

$$
\text { DIN } 401
$$

2. Press Write, the data from the last operation (READ or WRITE) on the selected port will be displayed and "DOUT" is displayed to indicate the port is now an output port;

DOUT
255401
3. Edit the value. Press the two arrow keys to select the to-be-edited bit (in dim), turn the knob to modify the value;

$$
\text { DOUT } \quad 254401
$$

4. Press Enter to output the data to the selected port, or press Write again to cancel the current write operation.

## To Store an Instrument State

The current instrument setup can be stored for future use. The stored setups can be recalled directly, or included in a scan list. However, the stored instrument setup in SCPI mode is different from that in Agilent 3488A mode. Table 3-3 lists these differences.

Table 3-3. The Differences Between Two Modes

| SCPI Mode | Agilent 3488A Mode |
| :--- | :--- |
| Stored information: | Stored information: |
| 1. Status of relay channels (open/close); | 1. Status of relay channels (open/close); |
| 2. Status of digital I/O ports (input/output) on digital I/O | 2. Status of digital I/O ports (input/output) on digital I/O |
| modules in either static Mode \#1 or Mode \#2; | modules in either static mode1 or mode2. |
| 3. Module configurations: card pair, 1/2/4-wire function |  |
| mode, baud rate, flow control, etc.; |  |
| 4. Scanning setups: scan list, arm count, arm source, etc. |  |
| Up to10 instrument states can be stored (numbered 1-10). | Up to 40 instrument states can be stored (numbered 1-40). |

To store a instrument setup:

1. Press Shift + Recall, the display would be:

## STORE 01

2. Turn the knob to change the memory location number (i.e. 05);

## STORE 05

3. Press Enter to store the current instrument setup (to location 5).

Note An instrument power-on or reset does not affect the stored instrument setup information. Once a setup is stored, it remains until overwritten or specially deleted with a SCPI command SYSTem:STATe:DELete.

Note All the stored instrument setups will be cleared automatically whenever the system mode is changed.

## To Recall an Instrument State

A previously stored instrument setup can be recalled. Before recalling a stored setup, the instrument verifies that all module type and slot assignment match the setup. If a mismatch is detected, the recall operation will stop and a string "RECALL FAILED" will be returned (no error occurs).

To recall an instrument setup:

1. Press Recall, turn the knob to a previously stored setup (i.e. 05);

## RECALL 05

2. Press Enter to recall the setup (i.e. 05); press Recall again to cancel the current recall operation.

## View Key Operation

The instrument can store up to 10 errors ${ }^{[1]}$ in the error queue, up to 200 channels in the scan list, as well as the relay cycle counts on the newer plug-in modules. The View key provides you an intuitive way to query these information. Table 3-4 lists the View key structure.

Table 3-4. View Key Structure

| 1st level Items | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| ERROR | Query the errors recorded in the error queue. |
| SCAN LIST | Query the channels included in the scan list. |
| RELAY CYCLES | Query the relay cycle counts on some modules. |

To View an Error To view an error:

1. Press View (the VIEW annunciator turns on), turn the knob to "ERROR", then press Enter;
2. If no error is in the error queue (the ERROR annunciator is off), the instrument displays "NO ERROR", and then returns to the first level of the View menu automatically.

NO ERROR 108

If there are errors (the ERROR annunciator is on), the first error in the error queue is displayed. Press the arrow key to scroll the display

[^4]to show the whole error message;
01:ERR -109

## MISSING PARAMETER

3. Turn the knob to view other errors in the error queue, or press Enter to return to the first level of the View menu, the ERROR annunciator turns off;
4. Press View again to exit the View menu operation, the VIEW annunciator turns off.

Note All errors are cleared once the error queue is viewed, and the ERROR annunciator turns off. Refer to Appendix B starting from Page 107 for details about the instrument errors.

To view the channels included in a scan list (assuming channels 103-107 are included in the scan list):

1. Press View (VIEW annunciator lights up). Turn the knob until "SCAN LIST" is displayed, then press Enter;

SCAN LIST 101
2. The first channel in the scan list is displayed on the channel area.

Continuously turn the knob to view other channels in the scan list;

$$
001 \text { OF } 005 \quad 103
$$

3. Press Enter to return to the first level of the View menu;

SCAN LIST 107
4. Press View again to end this operation, the VIEW annunciator turns off.

To View the Relay Cycles

To view the relay cycle counts:

1. Press View, the VIEW annunciator lights up. Turn the knob until "RELAY CYCLES" is displayed, then press Enter;

$$
\text { RELAY CYCLES } 400
$$

2. If no module with the relay cycle count feature ${ }^{[1]}$ is present, " $N / A$ " will be displayed, then the display automatically returns to the first
level of the View menu;


If the selected channel is a relay without the cycle counts feature, the instrument will display the cycle counts of the first relay with the feature;

| 7383 | 100 |
| :--- | :--- |

If the selected channel (i.e. 109) is a relay with the cycle counts feature, the cycle counts of the relay will be displayed;

| 10132 | 109 |
| :--- | :--- |

3. Turn the knob to read other relays cycle counts, or press Enter to return to the first level of the View menu;

4. Press View again to exit the View menu operation, the VIEW annunciator turns off.

## Mode Key Operation

A digital I/O and the digital I/O ports can be configured from the instrument front panel. In SCPI mode, Agilent N2260A can be configured as different MUX modules. The Mode key is designed for these configurations.

- Agilent N2260A can be configured in SCPI mode. Table 3-5 shows the Mode key structure in this case.

Table 3-5. Agilent N2260A Configuration (Mode)

| 1st level Items | 2nd Level Items | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| CONFIG MUX | WIRE1 | Configure Agilent N2260A Multiplexer module to work as: 80-channel |
|  | WIRE2 | 1-wire, 40-channel 2-wire, 20-channel 4-wire, or two independent |
|  | WIRE4 |  |
|  | DUAL WIRE2 | groups of 20-channel 2-wire module. |

- The digital I/O modules can be configured in either SCPI mode or Agilent 3488A mode. Table 3-6 on Page 37 shows the Mode key structure.

[^5]Note The 4-bit built-in digital I/O in Slot 0 cannot be configured.

- The Mode key shows a completely different structure (Table 3-7) when it is used to configure a digital I/O port.

Table 3-6. Digital I/O Configuration (Mode)

| 1st level <br> Items | 2nd Level <br> Items | 3rd Level <br> Items | 4th Level <br> Items | 5th Level <br> Items | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| CONFIG DIO | MODE 1 <br> MODE 2 <br> MODE 3 <br> MODE 4 <br> MODE 5 | CONT POL POS <br> CONT POL NEG | FLAG POL POS <br> FLAG POL NEG | I/O POL POS <br> I/O POL NEG | Configure DIO module, including <br> the handshake mode, the <br> control line and flag line <br> polarities, and the polarity of the <br> I/O direction line. |

Table 3-7. Digital I/O Port Configuration (Mode)

| 1st Level Items | 2nd Level Items | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DATA POLARITY | POS POLARITY <br> NEG POLARITY | Set the polarity of the data lines for the port. |
| DISP FORMAT | DECIMAL <br> BINARY | Set data display format for the port. |

Agilent N2260A Configuration

To configure an Agilent N2260A MUX module:

1. Select a slot in which an Agilent N2260A module is installed;

2. Press Mode, the CONFIG annunciator lights up and "CONFIG MUX" is displayed;

$$
\text { CONFIG MUX } \quad 1
$$

3. Press Enter, turn the knob to select one mode (i.e. WIRE1);

4. Press Enter to return to "CONFIG MUX", press Mode again to exit the configuration, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

A digital I/O module can be configured, which include the flow control mode, the control line polarity, the flag line polarity, and the I/O direction line polarity.

To configure a digital I/O module:

1. Select a slot in which a digital I/O is installed;

$$
\mathrm{N} 2263 \mathrm{~A} \quad 4
$$

2. Press Mode, the CONFIG annunciator lights up and "CONFIG DIO" is displayed, then press Enter;
```
CONFIG DIO
4
```

3. Turn the knob to select the flow control mode (i.e. MODE 2), then press Enter;

MODE 2
4
4. Turn the knob to select the control line polarity (i.e. CONT POL POS), then press Enter;

```
CONT POL POS
4
```

5. Turn the knob to select the flag line polarity (i.e. FLAG POL POS), then press Enter;
FLAG POL POS4
6. Turn the knob to select the I/O line polarity (i.e. I/O POL POS), then press Enter;

I/O POL POS
4
7. The instrument returns to "CONFIG DIO", press Mode again to exit the configuration, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

To configure the data line polarity and data display format for an individual digital I/O port:

1. Select a digital I/O port (i.e. Port 401), press Mode (the CONFIG annunciator lights up). Turn the knob to select one item (i.e. DATA POLARITY);

## DATA POLARITY <br> 401

2. Press Enter, turn the knob to select the polarity (i.e. NEG

## POLARITY);

NEG POLARITY
3. If another item "DISP FORMAT" is selected, press Enter, then turn the knob to select the data display format (i.e. BINARY);

> BINARY 401
4. Press Enter to select the data display format and return to "DISP FORMAT", press Mode again to exit the configuration, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

To configure other digital I/O ports, repeat Steps 1 through 4.
Note Once you have selected the data display format for a port, it applies to all input and output operations on that port.

## Scanning Operation

The scan operation in SCPI mode is different from that in Agilent 3488A mode. In Agilent 3488A mode, you only need to create a scan list, then step through the scan list by repeatedly pressing Step. However, scanning in SCPI mode has more features (refer to Figure 3-2).


* Note: The trigger out pulse will occur at the specified trig-out line only if you have configured to enable the slot to output.

Figure 3-2. The Process of Scanning Operation (in SCPI mode)

## Overview

Before initiating a scan, a scan list must be set up. You can also specify an arm source, a trigger source, and the number of sweeps (a sweep is one pass through the scan list) to control the scan process. All these can be done from the S.List key. The S.List key structure in SCPI mode (Table 3-8) is different from that in Agilent 3488A mode (Table 3-9 on Page 40).

Table 3-8. S.List Key Structure in SCPI Mode

| 1st Level Items | 2nd Level Items | 3rd Level Items | 4th Level Items | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADD TO SCAN | SELECT nnn |  |  | Create a scan list to include all the desired switch channels, DIO bit channels, and/or the previously stored setups. |
| CONFIG SCAN | ARM: TIMER <br> ARM: IMM <br> ARM: BUS <br> ARM: EXT <br> ARM: MIX <br> ARM: HOLD | COUNT: 00001 | TRIG: TIMER <br> TRIG: IMM <br> TRIG: BUS <br> TRIG: EXT <br> TRIG: MIX <br> TRIG: HOLD | Configure the scan operation, such as an arm source, an arm count, and a trigger source. |
| DELAY TIME | SET ALL | nnnnn.nnn SECS |  | Set delay time for all channels or for individual channels. |
|  | SET CH | SELECT nnn | nnnnn.nnn SECS |  |

Table 3-9. S.List Key Structure in Agilent 3488A Mode

| 1st Level Items | 2nd Level Items | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ADD TO SCAN | SELECT nnn | Create a scan list to include all the desired <br> switch channels, DIO bit channels, and/or the <br> previously stored setups. |
| DELAY TIME | nnnnn.nnn SECS | Set a delay time for all scanned channels. |

## To Create a Scan To create a scan list, you can:

1. Press S.List, the CONFIG annunciator lights up, and "ADD TO SCAN" is displayed;

$$
\text { ADD TO SCAN } 101
$$

2. Press Enter, then turn the knob to select a previously stored channel setup (i.e. 001). Press Enter to add it into the scan list;

| SELECT | $*$ | 001 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

3. To add other switch channels, digital I/O bits, and/or other stored channel setups, repeat Step 2;
4. Press S.List again to return to "ADD TO SCAN", press S.List once more to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

To view a scan list, press View. To clear a scan list, press Shift + S.List.

## To Configure a Scan

The Arm Source, Arm Count and the Trigger Source can be set to configure a scan:

1. Press S.List, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob until "CONFIG SCAN" is displayed, then press Enter;

## CONFIG SCAN

2. Turn the knob to set the arm source, then press Enter;

ARM: BUS

If "ARM:TIMER" is specified, the instrument will guide you to set the time interval (default is 0 ) after pressing Enter. Use the two arrow keys and the knob to edit or modify the value. Press Enter to set this value (ranging from 0 to 99999.999 seconds);
00002.000 SECS
3. Use the arrow keys and the knob to set the arm source, press Enter;

$$
\text { COUNT: } 00003
$$

4. Turn the knob to set the trigger source, then press Enter to return to "CONFIG TO SCAN";

> TRIG: MIX

If "TRIG:TIMER" is specified, the instrument will guide you to set the time interval (default is 0 ) after pressing Enter. Use the two arrow keys and the knob to edit or modify the value. Press Enter to set this value (ranging from 0 to 99999.999 seconds) and return to "CONFIG TO SCAN";
00000.200 SECS
5. Press S.List again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

1. Press S.List, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob until
"DELAY TIME" is displayed, press Enter;

DELAY TIME
2. To set a uniform delay time for all channels, select "SET ALL", then press Enter. Use the arrow keys and the knob to modify the value (between 0 and 99999.999 seconds). Press Enter to set the delay time and return to "DELAY TIME";

SET ALL
00000.002 SECS

## DELAY TIME

3. To set a different delay time for individual channel, select "SET CH", then press Enter. Turn the knob to select the channel to be set (i.e. 103), then press Enter again and use the arrow keys and the knob to set its delay time (between 0 and 99999.999 seconds). Press Enter once more to set the delay time and return to "SET CH" item;

| SET CH | 107 |
| :---: | :---: |
| SELECT CH | 103 |



DELAY TIME 103
4. To set a delay time for other channel, repeat the procedure above. Press S.List again to return to "DELAY TIME";
5. Press S.List once more to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

To Start a Scan To start a scan ${ }^{[1]}$ :

1. Press Scan, the SCAN annunciator lights up;
2. Then the instrument will continue scanning according to the configuration. The arm source is used to control the onset of each
scan sweep. The trigger source is used to advance one channel in the scan list (open the previous channel and close the next channel in the list, the * annunciator lights up);
3. When the scanning is finished, the instrument returns to the idle state and the SCAN annunciator turns off. To stop the scanning in progress press Shift + Scan.

Note Once a scan list exists, simply press Step repeatedly to step through the scan list. In this case, the SCAN and the * annunciators turn off.

Note Card Pair is functional during a scan, which means that both the channels included in the scan list and the paired channels will be scanned.

## Menu Key Operation

Configuring system-related instrument parameters can be done from the Menu key. However, the Menu key structure in Agilent 3488A mode (Table 3-10) is different from that in SCPI mode (Table 3-11 on Page 44). Since SCPI mode can do whatever Agilent 3488A mode can, only the Menu key operation in SCPI mode will be demonstrated.

Table 3-10. Menu Key Structure in Agilent 3488A Mode

| 1st Level Items | 2nd Level <br> Items | 3rd Level <br> Items | 4th Level <br> Items | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CARD PAIR | FIRST SLOT 1 | SECOND SLOT - | Pair the same (type) cards. |  |
| CONF EXT TRIG | TRIG OF SLOT 0 | ENABLE <br> DISABLE | Select a pair of external trigger <br> lines and enable/disable the <br> Agilent 3499 to output a trigger <br> pulse. |  |
| INTERFACE | GPIB/488 | ADDRESS 09 | SRQ ON <br> SRQ OFF | Set GPIB address (0-30) and <br> enable/disable Power-on SRQ. |
| SELFTEST |  |  | Perform a selfest. |  |\(\left|\begin{array}{l}Select a system mode for the <br>


instrument.\end{array}\right|\)| Query the current firmware |
| :--- |
| revision. |

[^6]Table 3-11. Menu Key Structure in SCPI Mode

| 1st Level Items | 2nd Level Items | 3rd level Items | 4th level Items | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CARD PAIR | FIRST SLOT 1 | SECOND SLOT - |  | Select the cards to be paired together. |
| CONF EXT TRIG | TRIG SLOT 0 | ENABLE DISABLE |  | Select a pair of external trigger lines and enable/disable Agilent 3499 to output a trigger pulse. |
| POWER ON SET | PWR ON RESET |  |  | Set instrument power-on to the reset state or a state stored in memory location nn. |
|  | USER SET UP | POWER ON nn |  |  |
| INTERFACE | GPIB/488 | ADDRESS 09 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SRQ ON } \\ & \text { SRQ OFF } \end{aligned}$ | Select GPIB interface, then set its address (0-30) and enable/disable Power-on SRQ. |
|  | RS-232 | 2400 BAUD; 4800 BAUD; 9600 BAUD; 19200 BAUD; 38400 BAUD; 57600 BAUD |  | Select RS-232 interface and configure its baud rate, data bits, parity, and flow control mode. The defaults are 9600 BAUD, NONE, 8 BITS, and FLOW NONE. |
|  |  | ODD, 7 BITS; EVEN, 7 BITS; NONE, 8 BITS |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { FLOW NONE; } & \text { FLOW XON/XOFF; } \\ \text { FLOW DTR/DSR; } & \text { FLOW RTS/CTS }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| SELFTEST |  |  |  | Perform a selftest. |
| SYSTEM MODE | SCPI MODE |  |  | Select a system mode for operation. |
|  | Agilent 3488A MODE |  |  |  |
| REVISION INFO |  |  |  | Query the current firmware revision. |
| SERIAL NO |  |  |  | Query Agilent 3499A/B serial number. |

The following operations can be done with the Menu key in SCPI mode:

- To pair two cards;
- To configure the external trigger;
- To configure the power-on state;
- To configure the remote interface;
- To perform a self-test;
- To select a system mode;
- To query the firmware revision;
- To query the serial number.

Note In Agilent 3488A mode, the Agilent 3499A/B does not support configuring RS-232 interface and the instrument power-on state.

## To Pair Two Cards

Two same type plug-in modules (cards) can be paired. Once paired, any operation on a channel of one module will be duplicated on the corresponding channel of the paired module. To pair two same type cards:

1. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "CARD PAIR", press Enter;

> CARD PAIR
2. When "FIRST SLOT 1 " is displayed, turn the knob to select the first paired slot (i.e. Slot 1), then press Enter ${ }^{[1]}$;

## FIRST SLOT 1

3. When "SECOND SLOT -" is displayed, turn the knob to select the second slot (i.e. 5) to be paired with the first;

## SECOND SLOT 5

4. Press Enter to return to "CARD PAIR", press Menu again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

## To Configure the External Trigger

Agilent 3499A/B provides two pairs of trigger lines for externally-controlled scanning. The first pair (TRIG IN \& TRIG OUT) is on the rear panel of the mainframes, the second pair of EI (External Increment) \& CC (Channel Closed) is on the Agilent 44474A. You can use only one pair of the trigger lines each time, and specify whether a trigger out pulse can be sent out when a relay is closed during a scan.

To configure the external trigger:

1. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "CONF EXT TRIG", then press Enter;

## CONF EXT TRIG

2. Select either Slot 0 (Agilent 3499A/B) or the slot in which an Agilent 44474A is installed, then press Enter;

TRIG SLOT 0
3. To enable a trigger pulse output from the selected line, turn the knob to select "ENABLE"; or select "DISABLE";

## ENABLE

4. Press Enter, the instrument returns to "CONF EXT TRIG". Press Menu again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.
[^7]Note In the SCPI mode, once a new pair of control lines is selected, the newly selected trigger-in line is immediately ready to accept the trigger signal from an external instrument. However, in Agilent 3488A mode, only after the newly selected pair is enabled, will the previously enabled pair be disabled. Otherwise, the previously enabled pair is still in effect.

## To Configure the Power-on State

The power-on state of the Agilent 3499A/B can be set to the reset state, or to a stored state. The instrument will return to the specified state the next time it is turned on. To configure the power-on state:

1. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "POWER ON SET", then press Enter;

POWER ON SET
2. To set the instrument power-on to reset state, turn the knob to select "PWR ON RESET", then press Enter, the instrument will return to "POWER ON SET";

## PWR ON RESET

To set the instrument power-on to a stored state, turn the knob to select "USER SET UP", then press Enter ${ }^{[1]}$. Turn the knob to specify a memory location (i.e. 05), press Enter again to return to "POWER ON SET";

USER SET UP

## POWER ON 05

3. Press Menu again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

Note If the power-on state of the instrument is set to a previously stored setup that is no longer valid, the power-on state will automatically set to the reset state, in this case the instrument displays "RECALL FAILED".

[^8]
## To Configure the Remote Interface

Note

Note

GPIB Interface

RS-232 Interface

The instrument can communicate with a computer over GPIB or RS-232 interface. Perform the following procedure to configure the interface.

Only one interface can be used at a time. When shipped from the factory, the GPIB interface is selected and its address is set to " 9 ".

RS-232 interface can be configured and used only in SCPI mode.

1. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "INTERFACE", then press Enter;

## INTERFACE

2. Turn the knob to select "GPIB/488", then press Enter;
```
GPIB/488
```

3. Turn the knob to set a valid GPIB address (0-30), then press Enter;

## ADDRESS 09

4. When "SRQ ON" is displayed, press Enter, the Agilent 3499A/B will interrupt the system computer when powered up. To disable this feature, select "SRQ OFF", then press Enter;
SRQ ON
5. The instrument returns to "INTERFACE", press Menu again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off.
6. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "INTERFACE", then press Enter;

## INTERFACE

2. Turn the knob to select "RS-232", then press Enter;
RS-232
3. Turn the knob to select the baud rate (default: 9600), then press Enter;

9600 BAUD
4. Turn the knob to select the parity and data bits (default: NONE, 8 BITS), then press Enter;

NONE; 8 BITS
5. Turn the knob to select the mode (default: FLOW NONE), then press Enter to return to "INTERFACE";

## FLOW NONE

6. Press Menu again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

To Perform a The self-test feature of the instrument can be used to verify proper Self-test instrument operation. To perform a self-test:

1. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "SELFTEST", then press Enter;

## SELFTEST

2. If all the tests have passed, "PASSED" will be displayed. Otherwise, the reason of the failure will be displayed;

PASSED

Note For more about the self-test errors, refer to Appendix B starting from Page 107.
3. Press Enter to return to "SELFTEST", press Menu again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

## To Select a System Mode

The instrument can be operated in either SCPI mode or Agilent 3488A mode. To select a system mode:

1. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "SYSTEM MODE", then press Enter;

SYSTEM MODE
2. Turn the knob to select the system mode, press Enter;

Agilent 3488A MODE
3. The instrument will be reset if the system mode has been switched; or it will display "SYSTEM MODE". In later case, press Menu again to exit this operation.

To Query the Firmware Revision

## To Query the Serial Number

To query the Agilent 3499A/B firmware revision:

1. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "REVISION INFO", then press Enter;

## REVISION INFO

2. The system firmware revision number will be displayed;

## REVISION 1.0

3. Press Enter to return to "REVISION INFO", press Menu again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

To query the Agilent 3499A/B serial number:

1. Press Menu, the CONFIG annunciator lights up. Turn the knob to select "SERIAL NO";

SERIAL NO
2. Press Enter, Agilent 3499A/B serial number is displayed;

CN12345678
3. Press Enter to return to "SERIAL NO", press Menu again to exit this operation, the CONFIG annunciator turns off accordingly.

## To Reset a Module

To reset a plug-in module:

1. Turn the knob to select the slot to be reset;

| N 2260 A | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |

2. Hold down Card Reset until the display changes from "HOLD TO RESET" to "RESET CARD", then release the key to end this operation.


Note Card Reset will open all channels on the switching module and make all ports on the specific digital I/O module as input ports.

## To Reset the Instrument

To reset the instrument:

1. Press Shift, then hold down Card Reset, the display would be:

HOLD TO RESET
2. Hold the key until the display message changes, then release the key;

RESET. . .
3. When the instrument finishes resetting, the default display appears.


Note The instrument will also be reset if any plug-in module is installed or removed while the instrument is on.

## Chapter 4 <br> Verification Tests

## About This Chapter

This Chapter contains procedures for operating verification of the Agilent 3499A/B mainframes and the plug-in modules. This Chapter contains the following sections:

- Generation Information. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 51
- Mainframe Self-Test . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 52
- Mainframe Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 53
- Relay Cycle Count . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 54
- MUX Modules Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 54
- GP Relay Modules Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 56
- Matrix Modules Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 57
- Digital I/O Modules Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 59
- Agilent 44472A Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 62
- Agilent 44476A Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 63
- Agilent 44477A Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 64
- Agilent 44478A/B Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 66
- Agilent N2280A/N2281A Verification Tests . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 68


## General Information

The Operation Verification Tests should be performed whenever it is desired to determine whether the Agilent 3499A/B and its plug-in modules are actually operating. For example, these tests can be used as an "incoming inspection procedure" when an Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System is initially received, or they can be used to verify a suspected failure after the system has been installed into a test system. Additionally, after a failure has been detected and repaired, these tests can be used to confirm that the repairs have accomplished their purpose.

A "test fixture" is required for several plug-in modules to simplify testing and act as an interface between the module and a multimeter. A test fixture can be made for a plug-in module by configuring a removable wiring (screw) terminal block.

The following instruments can be used to perform the Verification Tests:

- Agilent 34401A Digital Multimeter, or equivalent;
- Test Fixture (configured from the related wiring terminal block);
- PC (IBM compatible, with the RS-232 default);
- GPIB Interface.

> WARNING Hazardous voltages may exist on the wiring and connectors of the Agilent 3499A/B plug-in modules. Only service trained personnel should make repairs to the Agilent 3499A/B mainframes and/or the plug-in modules.

WARNING Make sure to disconnect all the wiring from the Agilent 3499A/B plug-in modules to the external devices in order to execute the Verification Tests. This presents two potential safety hazardous:
a: It is possible for the user to come in contact with high voltage (if high voltage exists in the test system).
b: Equipment damage may occur if the wrong lines become accidentally connected or disconnected.

Caution Use anti-static handling techniques during the Verification Tests.

## Mainframes Self-Test

The Agilent 3499A/B mainframes self-test verifies the operation of the front panel circuitry, and a part of the micro-processor related circuitry (ROM, etc.) on the Controller PC board. In addition, GPIB \& RS-232 circuitry on the Controller PC board can also be verified with self-test.

The self-test does not, however, assess the operability of the backplane or the drivers contained in the mainframe. The operability of the backplane or the drivers will not be tested until the individual plug-in modules tests are performed.

It is important to remember that if the self-test passes, it does not, in itself, ensure proper instrument operation. A self-test failure, however, does indicate an instrument malfunction.

Self-Test To perform a self-test: Press Menu, turn the knob to "SELFTEST", then press Enter. The self-test should start by turning on all display segments. Following the display test, the internal tests are performed. If all internal tests pass, "PASSED" will be displayed. Otherwise, the reason of the failure will be displayed (see the Table below).

Table 4-1.

| Error Number | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| +1 | ROM test failed. |
| +2 | GPIB test failed. |

Table 4-1.

| Error Number | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| +3 | RS-232 test failed. |
| +4 | Front-panel test failed. |

Correction If, during the display test, a segment or segments malfunctioned, a problem exists on the Controller PC board or the Display assembly. Refer to "Agilent 3499A/B Problem Isolation" on Page 72 for problem isolation information.

If the front-panel test failed, a problem exists on the front panel circuitry; if any of the other internal tests failed, the Controller PC board is malfunctioned. To replace or repair the front panel circuitry and /or the Controller PC board, the mainframe must be disassembled. Refer to "Replaceable Parts" on Page 77 for Agilent 3499A/B mainframes disassembly information.

## Mainframe Verification Tests

The mainframe self-test does not assess the operability of the driver circuitry and the connectivity, more operation verification tests are required. These include the GPIB test, the RS-232 test and the keyboard test.

To test the GPIB on an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe:

1. Make sure the GPIB interface card and the Agilent I/O Library is installed in your PC, and the Agilent 3499A/B interface is set to GPIB;
2. Make sure one or more plug-in modules are installed (i.e. Agilent N2260A, etc.);
3. Make sure the GPIB address is correct and the GPIB cable is operational;
4. Connect the GPIB interface from your PC to an Agilent 3499A/B;
5. Set the Agilent 3499A/B to SCPI mode. Send a SCPI command DIAG:DISP "GPIB test" from you PC.

If "GPIB TEST" is displayed on the front panel of the Agilent 3499A/B, the GPIB test passed. Otherwise, the GPIB test failed.

RS-232 Test To test the RS-232 on an Agilent 3499A/B:

1. Make sure one or more plug-in modules are installed (i.e. Agilent N2260A, etc.);
2. Set the Agilent 3499A/B to SCPI mode and the Agilent 3499A/B interface is set to RS-232;
3. Connect the RS-232 cable from your PC to an Agilent 3499A/B;
4. Send a SCPI command DIAG:DISP "RS232 test" from you PC.

If "RS232 TEST" is displayed on the front panel of the Agilent 3499A/B, the RS-232 test passed. Otherwise, the RS-232 test failed.

Keyboard Test
All the keys on the front panel of an Agilent 3499A/B can be tested easily by pressing the keys. If one or more keys has no response, a problem exists in either the Keyboard Assembly, or the Controller PC board. Refer to "Agilent 3499A/B Problem Isolation" on Page 72 for problem isolation information.

Correction If GPIB test and/or RS-232 test failed, the Controller PC board malfunctioned. To replace or repair the Controller PC board, it is necessary to disassemble the Agilent 3499A/B mainframe. Refer to "Replaceable Parts" on Page 77 for the mainframes disassembly information.

## Relay Cycle Count

For the plug-in modules Agilent N2260A/61A/62A, and the switching function on the multifunction modules Agilent N2264A/65A, the relay cycle count can be queried from the front panel (refer to "Front-Panel Operation" on Page 27 for the operation).

It is recommended that the switching module can be replaced with a new one, if the relay cycles of the switching relay(s) on this module exceed the relay life. Refer to "Specifications" on Page 1 for more information.

## MUX Modules Verification Tests

The MUX modules available with an Agilent 3499A/B include:

- Agilent N2260A 40-channel MUX module;
- Agilent 44470A 10-channel MUX module;
- Agilent 44470D 20-channel MUX module;
- Agilent N2266A 40-channel MUX module;
- Agilent N2268A $50 \Omega 3.5 \mathrm{GHz}$ Dual 1-to-4 MUX module;
- Agilent N2270A 10-channel High Voltage MUX module.

Test Fixture In order to perform the Operation Verification Tests for a MUX module, a test fixture is required and it can be constructed by configuring the related

MUX module's removable wiring terminal block as shown in Figure 4-1.


Figure 4-1. MUX Modules Test Fixture
The fixture contains:

- A short circuit between all of the low (L) lines (TP1);
- A short circuit between all of the high (H) lines (TP2);
- A short circuit between the shorted common lines (COM).

With the test fixture installed, and a Multimeter (i.e. an Agilent 34401A) connected between the shorted common lines (COM) and either the shorted low lines (TP1) or the shorted high lines (TP2), the MUX module is tested by successively closing each relay while checking for an indication of the closure on the Multimeter.

## Tests Procedure To perform the Operation Verification Tests:

1. Remove the wiring terminal block from the MUX module;
2. Install the related test fixture onto the MUX module;
3. Set the Multimeter to measure resistance. "Zero" the Multimeter;
4. Press Mon and specify the slot occupied by the MUX module;
5. Press S.LIST and specify all channels on the MUX to be scanned;
6. Connect the Multimeter between COM \& TP1 (or COM \& TP2) on the test fixture (Figure 4-1 on Page 55);
7. Press Card Reset to reset the MUX module, the Multimeter should indicate that all relays are open (very high resistance or overload indication);

Note If the Multimeter is indicating a very low resistance, one or more of the relays is remaining closed. You need to do more tests to isolate the clumsy damaged relay(s).
8. Successively press Step while observing the displays on the Agilent

3499A/B and the Multimeter. The Agilent 3499A/B's display should show a number corresponding to the closed relay. The clumsy damaged relay(s) can be isolated in this way.

If during Step 8 , one or more relays did not close as described, a problem exists either in the Controller PC board or the related MUX module. Replace this MUX with another same one and perform the tests as described above to isolate the problem.

If during step 8 , the appropriate relays closed, but one or more of the resistances were higher than $1 \Omega$, the corresponding relay(s) are defective.

If a MUX module is defective, replace it with a new one (the relays are not replaceable parts, refer to Chapter 6 on Page 77 for more information).

## GP Relay Modules Verification Tests

The GP Relay modules available with an Agilent 3499A/B include:

- Agilent N2261A 40-channel GP Relay module;
- Agilent 44471A 10-channel GP Relay module;
- Agilent 44471D 20-channel GP Relay module;
- Agilent N2264A Multifunction (GP function);
- Agilent N2267A 8-channel High Current GP module.

Test Fixture The test fixture can be constructed by configuring the related GP Relay module's removable wiring terminal block as shown in Figure 4-2.


Figure 4-2. GP Relay Modules Test Fixture
The fixture contains:

- A short circuit between all of the low (L) lines (TP1);
- A short circuit between all of the high (H) lines (TP2).

With the test fixture installed, and a Multimeter (i.e. an Agilent 34401A) connected between the shorted low lines (TP1) and the shorted high lines (TP2), the GP Relay module is tested by successively closing each relay while checking for an indication of the closure on the Multimeter.

## Tests Procedure To perform the Operation Verification Tests:

1. Remove the wiring terminal block from the GP Relay module;
2. Install the related test fixture onto the GP Relay module;
3. Set the Multimeter to measure resistance. "Zero" the Multimeter;
4. Press Mon and specify the slot occupied by the GP Relay module;
5. Press S.LIST and specify all channels to be scanned;
6. Connect the Multimeter between TP1 \& TP2 on the test fixture (Figure 4-2);.
7. Press Card Reset to reset the GP Relay module, the Multimeter should indicate that all relays are open (very high resistance or overload indication);

Note If the Multimeter is indicating a very low resistance, one or more of the relays is remaining closed. You need to do more tests to isolate the clumsy damaged relay(s).
8. Successively press Step while observing the displays on the Agilent 3499A/B and the Multimeter. The Agilent 3499A/B's display should show a number corresponding to the closed relay. The clumsy damaged relay(s) can be isolated in this way.

Correction If during Step 8, one or more relays did not close as described, a problem exists either in the Controller PC board or the related GP Relay module. Replace this GP Relay with another same one and perform the tests as described above to isolate the problem.

If during step 8, the appropriate relays closed, but one or more of the resistances were higher than the Initial Closed Channel Resistance (refer to Chapter 1 on Page 1), the corresponding relay is defective.

If the GP Relay module is defective, replace it with a new one (the relays are not replaceable parts, refer to Chapter 6 on Page 77 for more information).

## Matrix Modules Verification Tests

The Matrix modules available with the Agilent 3499A/B include:

- Agilent N2262A 4 x 8 2-wire Matrix module;
- Agilent 44473A 4 x 4 2-wire Matrix module;
- Agilent N2265A Multifunction module (4 x 4 2-wire Matrix).
module's removable wiring terminal block as shown in Figure 4-3.


Figure 4-3. Matrix Modules Test Fixture
The fixture contains:

- A short circuit between all of the high lines in the Columns (TP1);
- A short circuit between all of the low lines in the Columns (TP2);
- A short circuit between all of the high lines in the Rows (TP3);
- A short circuit between all of the low lines in the Rows (TP4).

With the test fixture installed, and a Multimeter (i.e. an Agilent 34401A) connected between the Columns and the Rows, the related Matrix module is tested by successively closing each relay while checking for an indication of the closure on the Multimeter.

## Tests Procedure To perform the Operation Verification Tests:

1. Remove the wiring terminal block from the Matrix module;
2. Install the related test fixture onto the Matrix module;
3. Set the Multimeter to measure resistance. "Zero" the Multimeter;
4. Press Mon and specify the slot occupied by the Matrix module;
5. Press S.LIST and specify all channels to be scanned;
6. Connect the Multimeter between TP1\& TP3 (or TP2 \& TP4) on the test fixture (Figure 4-3 on Page 58);
7. Press Card Reset to reset the Matrix module, the Multimeter should indicate that all relays are open (very high resistance or overload indication);

Note If the Multimeter is indicating a very low resistance, one or more of the relays is remaining closed. You need to do more tests to isolate the clumsy damaged relay(s).
8. Successively press Step while observing the displays on the Agilent 3499A/B and the Multimeter. The Agilent 3499A/B's display should show a number corresponding to the closed relay. The clumsy damaged relay(s) can be isolated in this way.

Correction If during Step 8, one or more relays did not close as described, a problem exists either in the Controller PC board or the related Matrix module. Replace this Matrix with another same one and perform the tests as described above to isolate the problem.

If during Step 8, the appropriate relays closed, but one or more of the resistances were higher than $1 \Omega$, the corresponding relay is defective.

If the Matrix module(s) is defective, replace it with a new one (the relays are not replaceable parts, refer to Chapter 6 on Page 77 for more information).

## Digital I/O Modules Verification Tests

Four digital I/O (DIO) modules are available with the Agilent 3499A/B:

- Agilent 44474A 16-bit DIO module;
- Agilent N2263A 32-bit DIO module;
- Agilent N2264A Multifunction module (16-bit DIO Function);
- Agilent N2265A Multifunction module (16-bit DIO Function);
- Agilent N2269A Multifunction module (16-bit DIO Function).

Test Fixture The test fixture can be constructed by configuring the related DIO module's
removable wiring terminal block as shown in Figure 4-4.


Figure 4-4. DIO Modules Test Fixture
This fixture is applicable for the Agilent 44474A 16-bit DIO. For Agilent N2263A/64A/65A, the line CHAN CLOSED does not exist. For Agilent N2263A 32-bit DIO, the related data lines (i.e. the first bit in ports s00, s01, s02 and s03, and so on) in each of the four 8-bit ports are connected together to simplify the data lines testing.

Tests Procedure The Verification Tests for a DIO module consist of:
a. Data lines input/output tests;
b. The CHAN CLOSED ${ }^{[1]}$ and PFLG/EXT INC tests;
c. The IO/WR and PCTL/RD tests.

## Data Lines Input/Output Tests Procedure:

1. Remove the wiring terminal block from the DIO module and install the related test fixture onto it;
2. Press Card Reset to reset the DIO module, all the ports in this

[^9]module should be input (DIN). Press Mon, the display should be "DIN 11111111 snn " or "DIN 255 snn", where s = slot number, and nn is the related port number;
3. Write a binary 10101010 to any one of the 8 -bit ports (in order to open every other line) and verify the data has been transferred to all the other ports.

Take an Agilent N2263A for example, if a data (10101010) has been written to the port s 02 , this data should be transferred to other ports $\mathrm{s} 00, \mathrm{~s} 01$ and s 03 . When these ports ( $\mathrm{s} 00, \mathrm{~s} 01 \& \mathrm{~s} 03$ ) are monitored, the display should be 10101010 (binary) or 170 (decimal). If it does not, a problem exists on this DIO module.

Note

Chan Closed and PFLG/EXT INC Tests Procedure

You can write any other data to one port to verify the data lines.

1. Reset the DIO module and create a scan list including all the bits on this module;
2. Press Step. If the CHAN CLOSED (Agilent 44474A only) and/or PFLG/EXT INC lines are functioning, the Agilent 3499A/B will begin stepping through the scan list, opening each data line as it closes the previous line. This will be shown on the Agilent 3499A/B's display as the first 8 -bit port being successively decreased by the binary weighted value of each data line. In other words, the display will start with the value of 255 , step to 254 (binary 1), step to 253 (binary 2), step to 251 (binary 4 ), step to 247 (binary 8), step to 239 (binary 16), step to 223 (binary 32), step to 191 (binary 64) and finally, step to 127 (binary 128). When all eight data lines in this port have been stepped through, the port will reset to 255 and the process will repeat with the second 8 -bit port, and so on.

If the scan list will not automatically advance as described above, the CHAN CLOSED line, the PFLG/EXT INC line, or both are malfunctioning.

## IO/WR and PCTL/RD

 Tests Procedure1. Reset the DIO module;
2. Connect the Multimeter between the GND and the PCTL/RD (or IO/WR) terminals on the test fixture (Figure 4-4 on Page 60) to measure dc voltage. The PCTL/RD (or IO/WR) line should be in the high state (between +2.4 V dc and +5 Vdc );
3. Change the polarities of the IO/WR and PCTL/RD to negative (NEG), and write a data to any one of the 8 -bit ports on the DIO module (for more instructions, refer to "Front-Panel Operation" on Page 27);
4. Measure the voltage between the GND and the IO/WR (or PCTL/RD) terminals. The IO/WR (or PCTL/RD) line should be in the low state (between 0 Vdc and +0.4 V dc ).

If either or both control lines failed to achieve either or both states, a problem exists in either the mainframe Controller PC board or the plug-in DIO module. You can isolate the problem by testing the same items
described above with another (same type) functional DIO module.

Correction Replace the DIO module with a new one if it is failed.

## Agilent 44472A Verification Tests

The VHF Switch module consists of two 4-to-1 MUXs with BNC connections. Only the center conductor of each channel is switched. The outer conductors (shield) of all channels in a particular MUX are connected together and unswitched.

Tests Procedure To test a channel:

1. Remove any external wiring from the rear of the 44472A. Reset the 44472A and press Mon;
2. Set the Multimeter to measure resistance, "Zero" the Multimeter;
3. Create a scan list including all the channels of 44472A;
4. MUX \#0 TESTS: Connect a Multimeter between the center conductor of the common connector (common \#0) and the center conductor of the channel under test (channel 00 to start). The Multimeter should indicate that the channel is open (very high resistance or an overload indication);
5. Press Step, the Multimeter should display a resistance reading of less than $1 \Omega$;
6. Repeat Steps 4 and 5 for channels 01,02 and 03 ;
7. MUX \#1 TESTS: Reset the 44472A and connect the Multimeter between the center conductor of the common connector (common \#1) and the center conductor of the channel under test (channel 10 to start). The Multimeter should indicate that the channel is open (very high resistance or an overload indication);
8. Press Step until the channel under test appears in the Agilent 3499A/B's display. The Multimeter should display a resistance reading of less than $1 \Omega$;
9. Repeat Steps 7 and 8 for channels 11,12 and 13.

Correction a. If during Steps 5 or 8, one or more channels does not close as described, a problem exists in either the mainframe Controller PC board or the 44472A. You can use a functional 44472A to isolate the problem.
b. If during Steps 5 or 8 , the channels closed but one or more of the resistances was greater than $1 \Omega$, the relays in the corresponding channel(s) are failing.

Note To replace the 44472A with a new one if it is failing.

## Agilent 44476A/B Verification Tests

The Agilent 44476A has three independent SPDT $50 \Omega$ coaxial switches (Figure 4-5). The Agilent 44476B allows you to mount any two 3331XX Coaxial Switches; these coaxial switches come in 3/4/5-port configurations. To verify that the 33311B Coaxial Switches on the Agilent 44476A (or the switches you provide on the Agilent 44476B) are functioning, verify continuity between the common port and the port connected to it. Also, verify there is no continuity between the common port and any unconnected ports.


Figure 4-5. Agilent 44476A Simplified Schematic
Note The Agilent 44476B simplified schematic is the same as the Agilent 44476A's, with the exception of that the three Microwave modules (33311B) are not installed.

Tests Procedure To perform the Verification Tests for an Agilent 44476A/B:

1. Reset the module (Agilent 44476A/B) and press Mon;
2. Using the Multimeter, verify continuity between the Channel 00 center conductor of the common port (C) and center conductor port 1
(1). For an Agilent 44476B, you must determine which ports should have continuity for Channel 00 and verify it;
3. Verify there is no continuity between the common port and ports that should not be connected to the common port;
4. Repeat Steps 2 \& 3 to verify the other channels;
5. Close all the channels on the Agilent 4476A/B;
6. Verify continuity between the Channel 00 center conductor of the common port and center conductor of port 2. For an Agilent 44476B, you must determine which ports should have continuity for Channel 00 and verify it;
7. Verify there is no continuity between the common port and port 1 of channel 00 . For the Agilent 44476B, you must determine which ports should not have continuity and verify they do not;
8. Repeat Steps 6 \& 7 to verify other channels.

## Correction

If a Microwave Switch does not function properly, you must determine if the problem is caused by the drive circuity or drive relays K901, K902, or K903. Use another same functional Microwave Switch and perform the same tests as described above to isolate the problem.

The three Microwave Switches are replaceable parts, if any one of them is defective, replace it with a new one. If the drive circuity or drive relays are defective, replace the Agilent 44476A/B with a new one (with the exception of the Microwave Switches if they are functioning).

## Agilent 44477A Verification Tests

Agilent 44477A contains seven independent, single-pole double-throw (SPDT) Form C relays. When a channel is open, the normally closed (NC) will connect to the common (C). When a channel is closed, the normally open (NO) will connect to the common (C).

## Test Fixture

A test fixture can be configured by connecting all relay commons (C) together at TP1, all normally open (NO) contacts at TP2 and all normally closed (NC) contacts together at TP3, with an Agilent 44487A screw terminal block.

To verify that all relays are functioning properly, you must:
a. Verify that each relay can close the normally open (NO) contact;
b. Verify that each relay's normally closed (NC) contact operates
properly.

TO 44477A


Figure 4-6. Agilent 44477A Test Fixture
To Verify the NO Contacts:

1. Connect a Multimeter between TP1 (C) \& TP2 (NO), reset the Agilent 44477A. The Multimeter should show an open circuit;
2. Close Channel 00 and check the Multimeter for an indication of closure. This reading will be the closed channel resistance of the NO contact and should be less than $1 \Omega$;
3. Open Channel 00 and close Channel 01 , check for an open circuit when Channel 00 is opened, and an indication of closure when Channel 01 is closed;
4. Repeat Steps $2 \& 3$ to check the remaining Channels 02-06.

To Verify the NC Contacts:
5. Connect the Multimeter between TP1 (C) \& TP3 (NC), reset the Agilent 44477A. The Multimeter should show an open circuit;
6. Repeat Steps 2 through 4 to verify the NC contacts (the "NO" in Steps $2-4$ should be replaced with " NC ", respectively).

Correction If during Steps $1 \& 5$, one or more relays does not function properly, a problem exists either in the Controller PC board or in the Agilent 44477A, use a functional Agilent 44477A and perform the same tests to isolate the problem.

If during Steps 3 \& 6, the Agilent 44477A is functioning but the contact resistance is more than $1 \Omega$, the Agilent 44477A is defective. Replace the Agilent 44477A with a new one in this case.

## Agilent 44478A/B Verification Tests

Agilent 44478A/B consists of two 4-to-1 MUXs (Group 00 \& Group 10) that can switch signals bidirectionally. Each group has a separate ground for isolation between groups and this ground is unswitched (Figure 4-7).

To verify that the relays in each group are functioning, verify continuity between the center conductor of the common BNC and each channel's BNC center conductor when that channel is closed. If no continuity exists, verify that a relay is stuck open and continuity exists from the channel's BNC center conductor and the channel's associated SMB (J101-J110) center conductor when the channel is open.


Figure 4-7. Agilent 44478A/B Simplified Schematic

1. Remove any external wiring from the Agilent 44478A/B connectors;
2. Reset the Agilent 44478A/B and press Mon;
3. Create a scan list including all the channels on an Agilent 44478A/B;
4. Connect the Multimeter between the center conductor of the COM 00 connector and the center conductor of the channel under test (start with CH 00). The Multimeter should indicate the channel is open (very high resistance or an overload indication);
5. Press Step, the Multimeter should display a resistance of less than $1 \Omega$;
6. Repeat Steps $4 \& 5$ for Channels 01,02 and 03 ;
7. Connect the Multimeter between the center conductor of the COMM 00 connector and the center conductor of the channel under test (start with CH 10. The Multimeter should indicate the channel is open;
8. Press Step, the Multimeter should display a resistance of less than $1 \Omega$;
9. Repeat Steps $7 \& 8$ for Channels 11,12 and 13.

Correction If during Steps $4 \& 7$, one or more relays does not function, a problem exists either in the Controller PC board or in the Agilent 44478A/B. Use a functional Agilent 44478A/B and perform the same tests to isolate the problem.

If during Steps $5 \& 8$, the resistance when the channel is closed is more than $1 \Omega$, one or more relays on this channel is defective. Replace the Agilent 44478A/B with a new one in this case.

## Agilent N2280A/N2281A Verification Test

Agilent N2280A consists of four 1-to-2 Optical Switches, each 1-to-2 Optical Switch should be tested independently.

Agilent N2281A consists of two 1-to-4 Optical Switches, each 1-to-4 Optical Switch should be tested independently.


Agilent N2281A

Figure 4-8. Agilent N2280A/N2281A Simplified Schematic

Test Procedure Before testing the Agilent N2280A/N2281A Optical Switch Modules, the user should have an Optical Multimeter in hand. When testing, the two Optical probes of the Optical Multimeter should be connected to the two end-connectors of one channel of the specific Optical Switch, then execute closing and opening commands on it, you can find whether this channel is
normal or not through the optical multimeter display.
To verify that the optical switches in each group are functioning:

1. Plug the Optical Module which is under testing into a 3499A/B mainframe.
2. Connect the Optical Multimeter's two optical probes to the COMx and CHxn (' $x$ ' is the Optical Switch number in the same module, and ' $n$ ' is the channel number in the same Optical Switch) of the Optical Switch which is under testing.
3. Power on the 3499A/B mainframe, and execute Openning and closing command on this channel to see if it is operated correctly.
4. Perform step 2 and 3 on next channel of the same Optical Switch until all channels of it is tested.
5. Perform step 2, 3, and 4 on next Optical Switch in the same module.

Correction If the channel under testing does not function in the step 3 above, a problem exists either in the Optical Switch or in the Controller PC board of this module. Using a normal Optical Switch to substitute the current one, then perform the steps listed above. If the problem still exists, this demonstrates the Controller PC board is malfunctioning. If the problem disappeared, this demonstrates the Optical Switch is maltifunctioning. Thus the problem is solved by substituting the Controller PC board or the Optical Switch.

## Chapter 5 <br> Service

## Introduction

This Chapter provides general service related information about the Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System. This includes safety considerations, static-handling procedures, and problem isolation processes. Chapter contents include:

- Safety Considerations . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 71
- Static Handing. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 71
- Agilent 3499A/B Problem Isolation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 72
- Mainframe Problem Isolation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 73


## Safety Considerations

Only service trained personnel should attempt to repair the Agilent 3499A/B. There are two places in the Agilent 3499A/B where dangerous voltages may exist. The ac line voltage exists in the Agilent 3499A/B mainframe around the areas of the line input filter, line power switch and the power supply assembly. This potentially lethal voltage can only be contacted if the covers are removed.

The other potentially lethal voltage may exist at the plug-in module wiring terminal block. This voltage is generated externally to the Agilent 3499A/B. Consult the system installer before attempting to remove the Agilent 3499A/B and its plug-in modules from the system.

Only personnel with a knowledge of electronic circuitry and an awareness of the hazards involved should install, reconfigure, or make any repairs to the Agilent 3499A/B mainframe or its plug-in modules.

## Static Handing

Static electricity is a familiar phenomenon which, except for an occasional shock, doesn't seem very serious. However, it has been proven that in the electronics industry electrostatics discharge (ESD) is a major cause of component failure. In many cases, the component damaged may not immediately fail, causing low instrument reliability and unnecessary repairs at a later time. ESD damage can occur at static levels too low for human perception. Additionally, it has been shown that ESD can affect both passive and active devices.

Any assembly or subassembly removed from the mainframe MUST be handled in accordance with anti-static handing procedures.

The following guidelines are the minimum requirements for a static safe service environment.

- The work bench should be equipped with a conductive table mat. The mat should be grounded to earth ground through a $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ resistor. The mat should be equipped with at least one swivel connected to the swivel connector for connecting wrist straps.
- All service and handling personnel should wear a conductive wrist strap in contact with bare skin. This strap should be connected to the swivel connector on the conductive table mat through a $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ resistor.
- All metal equipment at a work station must be grounded. This includes soldering irons, solder suckers, shelving, and equipment stands.
- Only one common ground should be provided at a workstation.
- The workstation must be kept free of nonconductors. No common plastics, polybags, cardboard, cigarette or candy wrappers should be allowed. There should not be rugs or carpet on the floor, shelving, or bench top.
- Only proper containers should be used for shipping, storing and transporting assemblies.

Caution To prevent equipment circuit damage, always set the line power switch to off before removing or replacing any assembly.

Caution Always use anti-static techniques when assemblies are handled or serviced.

## Agilent 3499A/B Problem Isolation

An Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System consists of two widths of mainframes and a set of plug-in modules. Once the Agilent 3499A/B is suspected of a failure, a problem should be existing either in the mainframe or in the plug-in modules or in both of them. More tests must be performed to isolate the problem.

Preliminary Tests Once the Agilent 3499A/B is suspected of a failure:

1. Power off the Agilent $3499 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ and remove all the plug-in modules;
2. Cycle power on the Agilent 3499A/B. If the same problem exists, the problem is mostly on the mainframe; if the problem is solved, the
problem may be caused by one or more plug-in module.

The easiest and fastest method to isolate a failure to a particular assembly is the board substitution technique. The technique calls for the suspected bad board to be replaced with a known good board. If the problem is solved, the replaced board or assembly had the problem.

A limited substitution may be performed to isolate a faulty plug-in module. To use this method:

1. Determine which plug-in module is suspected of the failure;
2. Try the failing module in another mainframe slot.

If the module functions normally in other slot, a mainframe failure is indicated; if the module still fails, try a known good module. If the known good module does not function properly, a mainframe failure is indicated; if the module does function properly, a failure in the suspected module is indicated.

## Mainframe Problem Isolation

Once an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe is suspected of a failure, the problem may be further isolated within the mainframe to a particular assembly. Isolating a problem within a mainframe requires that the Agilent $3499 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ mainframe be disassembled. A disassembly procedure is given in the next Chapter (refer to "Replaceable Parts" on Page 77).

There are four main electronic assemblies within an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe. These include:

1. The Power Supply;
2. The Controller;
3. The Keyboard \& Display;
4. The Backplane.

The Power Supply assembly is located behind the keyboard. There are three connectors on it: J1 through J3. J1 is connected to the ac power line and J3 is the safety ground terminal. J 2 is connected to the mainframe's backplane, which provides a set of voltages (dc) to the Controller pc board and the plug-in modules.

To determine if the power supply is functioning properly:

1. Make sure the ac power line are connected properly and the fuse (3.15 A @ 250 V ac ) on the pc board is well;
2. Power on the instrument and measure the voltage between Pin 4 (or Pin 5) and Pin 1 (or 2, 3, 6);
3. If the voltages are correct, the power supply does function; if the voltage is not correct, a problem exists in this assembly.
4. If the voltages on the J 2 are correct, but the voltages on the backplane are incorrect, check the cable (03499-61004) and the plug-in
modules. You can perform more tests to further isolate the problem to the cable, or the particular plug-in module.


Figure 5-1. Power Supply on the Agilent 3499A/B

## Controller

Isolating a problem to the Controller pc board is best accomplished by substituting a known good board. The Controller is not repairable and should be replaced if it fails.

Problems in the keyboard can be isolated by performing the keyboard test. No response to a key closure is the typical failure mode of the keyboard. No response to any key closure would indicate a Controller pc board failure.

Problems in the display can usually be detected by performing the display test (i.e. self-test). Typically, a failing display will exhibit missing segments. Display removal is described in the next Chapter (refer to "Replaceable

Parts" on Page 77).


Figure 5-2. Keyboard \& Display on an Agilent 3499A/B
Backplane
If a plug-in module will not function in only one slot, the backplane board should be suspected. Connector failure on the backplane board will be the most common form of backplane failures (for there are few components on the backplane). Because the plug-in module slots are all parallel on the backplane, a shorted connector on the backplane board may appear to be a

Controller pc board failure.


Figure 5-3. Backplane Assembly

## Chapter 6 Replaceable Parts

## Introduction

This Chapter contains the disassembly/assembly procedures for an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe, followed by the mechanical and electrical replaceable parts for the Agilent 3499A/B mainframe, and its plug-in modules. This Chapter contains the following sections:

- Agilent 3499A/B Disassembly/Assembly Procedures . . . . . Page 77
- Agilent 3499A/B Mainframe Replaceable Parts. . . . . . . . . . Page 77
- Plug-in Modules Replaceable Parts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 84


## Agilent 3499A/B Disassembly/Assembly Procedures

## WARNING The line power cord and all other interconnections must be removed before performing any disassembly or assembly procedures.

Caution
The Agilent 3499A/B mainframe, as well as the plug-in modules, are susceptible to static discharges. Use the anti-static techniques when assemblies are handled or serviced.

To disassemble an Agilent 3499B half-rack-width mainframe, perform the following procedures (STEP 1 through STEP 6). For an Agilent 3499A full-rack width mainframe, the disassembly procedures are the same with exception of some different replaceable parts, i.e. the Backplane, the Front-Panel (part), the Rear Bezel, etc.

Figure 6-1 through Figure 6-6 demonstrate the disassembly procedures for an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe. The replaceable parts on it are identified with a number and listed in Table 6-1 on page 82.

Note The replaceable parts for the Agilent 3499A/B plug-in modules are listed in Table 6-2 on page 84.

STEP 1: Front-Panel Removal


Figure 6-1. Front-Panel Removal
Figure 6-2 shows the Front-Panel disassembling procedures.


Figure 6-2. Front-Panel Disassembly

STEP 2: Cover Removal


Figure 6-3. Cover Removal
STEP 3: Power Supply Removal


Figure 6-4. Power Supply Removal

STEP 4: Controller PC Board Removal


Figure 6-5. Controller PC Board Removal

STEP 5: Rear Bezel Removal


Figure 6-6. Rear Bezel Removal
STEP 6: Backplane Removal


Figure 6-7. Backplane Removal

Assembly To assemble an Agilent 3499A/B mainframe, reverse the procedures above. Procedures

## Agilent 3499A/B Mainframe Replaceable Parts

Table 6-1. Agilent 3499A/B Mainframe Replaceable Parts

| ITEM \# | Part Number |  | Qty. | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3499A | 3499B |  |  |
| 1 | 03499-40008 | 03499-40009 | 1 | WINDOW DISPLAY-FULL/HALF RACK |
| 2 | 5041-9170 |  | 2 | TRIM, SIDE |
| 3 | 03499-40001 | 03499-40003 | 1 | FRONT PANEL-FULL/HALF RACK |
| 4 | 5041-0564 |  | 1 | QUARTER KEY |
| 5 | 03499-40005 |  | 1 | KEYPAD |
| 6 | 34970-87401 |  | 1 | KNOB |
| 7 | 0515-0430 |  | 2 | SCR-MACHINE |
| 8 | 03499-60001 |  | 1 | PCA-KEY\&VFD CONT UNIT |
| 9 | 5041-8822 |  | 2 | FOOT-NON SKID |
| 10 | 0515-0430 |  | 1 | SCR-MACHINE |
| 11 | $\begin{aligned} & 5041-8801 \\ & 1460-1345 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | FOOT-MOLD TILT STAND |
| 12 | 03499-00001 | 03499-00006 | 1 | COVER-FULL/HALF RACK |
| 13 | 03499-61007 |  | 1 | CABLE ASSY LINE |
| 14 | 03499-61004 |  | 1 | CBL ASSY-POWER MODULE |
| 15 | 03499-61002 |  | 1 | CBL ASSY-GROUND |
| 16 |  |  | 1 | Fuse 3.15A, 250 VAC |
| 17 | 0515-0430 |  | 4 | SCR-MACHINE |
| 18 | 0950-2649 |  | 1 | POWER SUPPLY MODULE |
| 19 | 03499-40007 |  | 1 | SAFETY SHIELD POWER SUPPLY |
| 20 | 03499-61008 |  | 1 | CONTROL MODULE ASSY |
| 21 | 5180-8269 |  | 2 | SCREW M3.0 |
| 22 | 8160-0686 |  | 1 | RFI STRP-FINGERS |
| 23 | 0515-0844 |  | 4 | SCR-MACHINE |
| 24 | 03499-00008 |  | 1 | CONTROL CARD-SHIELD COMP |
| 25 | 03499-00007 |  | 1 | CONTROL CARD-SHIELD CIRCUIT |
| 26 | 03499-60004 |  | 1 | PCA-CONTROL MODULE |
| 27 | 03499-61009 |  | 1 | CONTROL PANEL ASSY |
| 28 | 1400-0249 |  | 3 | CABLE TIE |
| 29 | 0515-1934 |  | 1 | SCR-MACHINE |

Table 6-1. Agilent 3499A/B Mainframe Replaceable Parts

| ITEM \# | Part Number |  | Qty. | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3499A | 3499B |  |  |
| 30 | 0515-0367 |  | 2 | SCR-MACHINE |
| 31 | 0380-0643 |  | 2 | STDF-HEX . $255-\mathrm{IN}$ |
| 33 | 1390-0793 | 0515-0430 | 2 | CAPTIVE SCR/SCR MACHINE |
| 34 | 03499-40002 | 03499-40004 | 1 | REAR BEZEL-FULL/HALF RACK |
| 35 | 03499-00002 | 03499-00004 | 1 | CHASSIS-FULL/HALF RACK |
| 36 | 03499-40006 |  | 6 | PCB CARD GUIDE |
| 37 | 03499-60003 | 03499-60002 | 1 | PCA-BACK PLN-FULL/HALF RACK |
| 38 | 0515-0430 |  | 4 | SCR-MACHINE |
| 39 | 03499-00003 | 03499-00005 | 1 | BACK PLN BRACKET-FULL/HALF RACK |
| 40 | 0515-0664 |  | 5 | SCR-MACHINE |
| 41 | 5041-5209 | N/A | 1 | GUIDE-PC BD |
| 42 | 3050-1941 |  | 1 | WSHR-FL NM |
| 43 | 0535-0154 |  | 1 | NUT-HEX SGL-CHAM |

## Plug-in Modules Replaceable Parts

Table 6-2 lists the replaceable parts for the existing Agilent 3499A/B plug-in modules. Kits 1 through Kits 6 are used to refer to the different sets of mechanical kits as described in the follow-up sections.

Table 6-2. Plug-in Modules Replaceable Parts

| Product Number | PCA (P/N) | Mechanical Kits | Microwave Module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agilent 44470A | 44470-66511 | Kits 1 | None |
| Agilent 44470D | 44470-66521 |  |  |
| Agilent 44471A | 44471-66511 |  |  |
| Agilent 44471D | 44471-66521 |  |  |
| Agilent 44473A | 44473-66511 |  |  |
| Agilent 44474A | 44474-66501 |  |  |
| Agilent 44477A | 44477-66501 |  |  |
| Agilent N2260A | N2260-60001 | Kits 2 |  |
| Agilent N2261A | N2261-60001 |  |  |
| Agilent N2262A | N2262-60001 |  |  |
| Agilent N2263A | N2263-60001 |  |  |
| Agilent N2264A | N2264-60001 |  |  |
| Agilent N2265A | N2265-60001 |  |  |
| Agilent N2266A | N2266-60001 |  |  |
| Agilent N2269A | N2269-60001 |  |  |
| Agilent 44472A | 44472-66511 | Kits 3 |  |
| Agilent 44476A | 44476-66501 | Kits 4 | 33311 B (x3) |
| Agilent 44476B |  | Kits 5 | 876XX (x2) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Agilent 44478A | 44478-66501 | Kits 6 | None |
| Agilent 44478B | 44478-66502 |  |  |
| Agilent N2267A | N2267-60001 | Kits 7 | None |
| Agilent N2268A | N2268-60001 | Kits 8 | None |
| Agilent N2270A | N2270-60001 | Kits 9 | None |
| Agilent N2280A | N2280-60001 | Kits 10 | None |
| Agilent N2281A | N2281-60001 | Kits 11 | None |

a. The microwave modules used with an Agilent 44476B can be the $3-, 4-$ or 5 -port modules ( $8762 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B} / \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{F}$, $8763 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{C}, 8764 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{C}$ ), from DC to 26.5 GHz , and must be ordered separately.

Mechanical Kits 1 \& 2
Figure 6-8 shows the replaceable mechanical parts for Kits $1 \& 2$ as listed in Table 6-3.


Figure 6-8. Mechanical Kits $1 \& 2$

Table 6-3. Mechanical Kits 1 \& 2

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Kits 1 (P/N) | Kits 2 (P/N) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| MP48 | 1 | SHIELD CIRCUIT | $03488-00612$ | $5184-0501$ |
| MP49 | 1 | SHIELD COMP | $03488-00613$ | $5184-0502$ |
| MP50 | 2 | PC EXTRACTOR WHT | $00403-0464$ |  |
| MP51 | 2 | PIN-GRV 3/32 X 1/4 | $1480-0625$ |  |
| MP52 | 4 | SCREW M3.0 X 06TXSC | $0515-0430$ |  |

Figure 6-9 shows the replaceable mechanical parts (Kits 3) as listed in Table 6-4.


Figure 6-9. Mechanical Kits 3

Table 6-4. Mechanical Kits 3

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Part Number (Kits 3) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MP53 | 4 | SCREW M2.5 X 20 LK | $0515-0843$ |
| MP54 | 1 | SHIELD-VHF CIRCUIT | $44472-00601$ |
| MP55 | 1 | SHIELD-VHF COMP | $44472-00602$ |
| MP56 | 2 | GLIDE PC BOARD | $5041-5213$ |
| MP57 | 4 | PIN-GRV 3/32 X 1/4 | $1480-0625$ |
| MP58 | 1 | PANEL-REAR VHF | $44472-40201$ |
| MP59 | 1 | SCREW M2.5 X 8 LK | $0515-0403$ |
| MP60 | 2 | SCREW, CAPTIVE | $5180-8269$ |
| MP61 | 2 | RING, RETATINER 3.58 | $0510-0043$ |

Mechanical Kits 4 \& 5 Figure 6-10 shows the replaceable mechanical parts (Kits 4 \& 5) as listed in Table 6-5 on page 88 .


Figure 6-10. Mechanical Kits 4 \& 5

Table 6-5. Mechanical Kits 4 \& 5

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Part Number | Application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SW1 | 1 | 33311B MICORWAVE SW 5V | 33311 | For 44476A only. |
| SW2 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SW3 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SCR1 | 1 | SCREW-PANHEAD M2.5 X 18 LK | 0515-1057 | For 44476A/B. |
| SCR2 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SCR3 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SCR4 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SCR5 | 1 |  |  | For 44476A only. |
| SCR6 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SCW1 | 1 | SCREW-FLATHEAD M2.5 X 20 LK | 0515-0843 | For 44476A/B. |
| SCW2 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SCW3 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SCW4 | 1 |  |  |  |
| SHD1 | 1 | SHIELD - CIRCUIT SIDE | 44476-00601 |  |
| SHD2 | 1 | SHIELD - COMPONENT SIDE | 44476-00602 |  |
| PNL1 | 1 | PANEL - Agilent 44476A | 44476-00201 | For 44476A only. |
| PNL2 | 1 | PANEL - Agilent 44476B | 44476-00202 | For 44476B only. |
| SCR7 | 1 | SCREW-PANHEAD | 0515-0905 |  |
| SCR8 | 1 | M2.5 X 6mm LONG |  |  |
| WSH1 | 1 | WASHER-LOCK HLCL 2.5 MM 2.6-MM - ID | 2190-2583 |  |
| WSH2 | 1 |  |  |  |

Mechanical Kits 6
Figure 6-11 shows the replaceable mechanical parts (Kits 6) as listed in Table 6-6.


Figure 6-11. Mechanical Kits 6

Table 6-6. Mechanical Kits 6

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Part Number (Kits 6) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MP1 | 1 | BRACKET - LEFT | $44478-41201$ |
| MP2 | 1 | BRACKET - RIGHT | $44478-41203$ |
| SCW1-16 | 16 | SCREW-MACH M3.0 $\times 0.56$ 6M-LG PAN-HD | $0515-0211$ |
| SHD1 | 1 | SHIELD - CIRCUIT SIDE | $34505-00601$ |
| SHD2 | 1 |  |  |

Mechanical Kits 7
Figure 6-12 shows the replaceable mechanical parts (Kits 7) as listed in Table 6-7.


Figure 6-12. Mechanical Kits 7

Table 6-7. Mechanical Kits 7

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| PNL1 | 1 | FRONT-PANEL | N2267-00001 |
| SCW1 | 4 | SCRFHM2.5x20PZLK (SHEET METAL) | $0515-0843$ |
| SHD1 | 1 | TOP-SHIELD | N2267-00003 |
| SHD2 | 1 | BOTTOM-SHIELD | N2267-00002 |

Figure 6-13 shows the replaceable mechanical parts (Kits 8) as listed in Table 6-8.


Figure 6-13. Mechanical Kits 8

Table 6-8. Mechanical Kits 8

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| PNL1 | 1 | FRONT-PANEL | N2268-00003 |
| SCW1 | 1 | SCREW M3.0-FLAT (SHEET METAL) | $0515-1946$ |
|  | 2 | SCRFHM2.5X20PZLK (SHEET METAL) | $0515-0843$ |
| SHD1 | 1 | TOP-SHIELD | N2268-00002 |
| SHD2 | 1 | BOTTOM-SHIELD | N2268-00001 |

Figure 6-14 shows the replaceable mechanical parts (Kits 9) as listed in Table 6-9.


Figure 6-14. Mechanical Kits 9

Table 6-9. Mechanical Kits 9

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| PNL1 | 1 | FRONT-PANEL | N2270-00002 |
| SCW1 | 8 | SCREW M3.0-FLAT (AROUND) | $0515-1946$ |
| SHD1 | 1 | TOP-SHIELD | N2280-00004 |
| SHD2 | 1 | BOTTOM-SHIELD | N2270-00001 |



Figure 6-15. Mechanical Kits 10

Table 6-10. Mechanical Kits 10

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| PNL1 | 1 | FRONT-PANEL | N2280-00001 |
| SCW1 | 8 | SCREW M3.0-FLAT (AROUND) | $0515-1946$ |
| SHD1 | 1 | TOP-SHIELD | N2280-00004 |
| SHD2 | 1 | BOTTOM-SHIELD | N2280-00002 |

Mechanical Kits 11 Figure 6-16 shows the replaceable mechanical parts (Kits 11) as listed in Table 6-11.


Figure 6-16. Mechanical Kits 11

Table 6-11. Mechanical Kits 11

| Ref. Designation | Qty. | Description | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| PNL1 | 1 | FRONT-PANEL | N2281-00001 |
| SCW1 | 8 | SCREW M3.0-FLAT (AROUND) | $0515-1946$ |
| SHD1 | 1 | TOP-SHIELD | N2280-00004 |
| SHD2 | 1 | BOTTOM-SHIELD | N2281-00002 |

## Appendix A Plug-in Modules Wiring Information

## BNC and SMA Connection

The modules listed in Table 6-12 provide BNC or SMA connections to external devices.

Table 6-12. BNC \& SMA Connection

| Connection Type | Quantity | Module Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| BNC Connector | 10 | Agilent 44472A Dual 4-Channel VHF Switch Module |
|  | 10 | Agilent 44478A $50 \Omega 1.3 \mathrm{GHz}$ MUX Module |
|  | SMA Connector | 10 |
| Agilent 44478B 75 $\Omega 1.3 \mathrm{GHz}$ MUX Module |  |  |
|  |  | Agilent 44476A 3-Channel 18 GHz Switch Module |
|  | $6^{[1]}$ | Agilent 44476B 2-Channel Microwave Switch Module |
|  | 10 | Agilent N2268A 50 3.5 GHz Dual 1-to-4 MUX Module |

[1]. The number of SMA connectors depends on the specified microwave modules installed. If the two modules are 5 -port, the number of SMA connectors is 10 , and so on.

## Screw Terminal Blocks

A set of screw terminal blocks are available for wiring conveniences, as listed in Table 6-13. Figure 6-17 through Figure 6-20 illuminate wiring for the three screw terminal block types.

Table 6-13. Screw Terminal Blocks

| Screw Terminal Block (Wiring Inf.) | Agilent P/N | Application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type $\mathrm{A}^{[1]}$ <br> (Figure 6-17 on Page 97 <br> \& Figure 6-18 on Page 98) | Agilent 44480A | For Agilent 44470A module only (default). |
|  | Agilent 44481A | For Agilent 44471A module only (default). |
|  | Agilent 44483A | For Agilent 44473A module only (default). |
|  | Agilent 44484A | For Agilent 44474A module only (default). |
|  | Agilent 44485A | For Agilent 44475A module only (default). |
|  | Agilent 44487A | For Agilent 44477A module only (default). |
| Type B <br> (Figure 6-19 on Page 99) | Agilent 44480B | For Agilent 44470D module only (default). |
|  | Agilent 44481B | For Agilent 44471D module only (default). |

Table 6-13. Screw Terminal Blocks

| Screw Terminal Block <br> (Wiring Inf.) | Agilent P/N | Application |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Type C |  |  |
|  | Agilent N2290A | For Agilent N2260A module only. |
|  | Agilent N2291A | For Agilent N2261A module only. |
|  | Agilent N2292A | For Agilent N2262A module only. |
|  | Agilent N2293A | For Agilent N2263A module only. |
|  | Agilent N2294A | For Agilent N2264A module only. |
|  | Agilent N2295A | For Agilent N2265A module only. |
|  | Agilent N2329A | For Agilent N2269A module only. |

[1]. Types A \& B of the screw terminal blocks are provided with the ordered modules.
[2]. Type C of the screw terminal blocks must be ordered separately.

Screw Terminal Block Wiring (Type A)


Figure 6-17. Type A Screw Terminal Block Wiring



CORRECT


Figure 6-18. Type A Screw Terminal Block Wiring (Cont'd)

## Screw Terminal Block Wiring (Type B)



Figure 6-19. Type B Screw Terminal Block Wiring

## Screw Terminal Block Wiring (Type C)



Figure 6-20. Type C Screw Terminal Block Wiring

## Crimp-and-insert Terminal Block

Agilent N2296A is a crimp-and-insert terminal block for Agilent N2260A, N2261A, N2262A, N2263A, N2264A and N2265A. It provides a flexibility for connecting the above modules to external devices. The wiring procedure for the Agilent N2296A is shown in Figure 6-21.


Figure 6-21. Crimp-and-Insert Terminal Block Wiring

## Connector Kits

Agilent N2327A is a Connector Kit used for Agilent N2267A High Current GP module and Agilent N2320A is for Agilent N2270A High Voltage MUX module. The Wiring Sequence of the two Connector Kits are illustrated below.

## Agilent N2327A Conncector Kit Wiring Sequence

## Step 1.

Stripped wire (14-18 AWG) Socket

| B. Insert the Wire into the Socket. |
| :--- |
| an AMP the Wire with the Socket by using Crimping Tool (90067-5) or |
| an equivalent tool. |

Step 2.


Figure 6-22. Agilent N2327A Connector Kit Wiring Sequence

## Agilent N2320A Connector Wiring Sequence

## Step 1.

Stripped wire (20-24 AWG) Socket


## Step 2.

Release the four screws and uncover the upper metal shield


## Step 3.

Insert wired Socket into the Receptacle


Replace the metal shield and tighten relevant screws


The strain relief clamp can be used to tighten wires with additional insulation around them. Additional insulation should be used around the wires to prevent possible damage caused by the strain relief clamp.

Figure 6-23. Agilent N2320A Connector Wiring Sequence

Three DIN-to-D cables are available for the Agilent N22XX series modules. The 96-pin female DIN connectors at one end of the cables are used to connect the plug-in modules, and the other ends are either 50 -pin or 25 -pin female sub-D connectors, as listed in Table 6-14.

Table 6-14. DIN-TO-D Cables

| Agilent P/N | Description | Application |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Agilent | DIN96-TO-TWIN-D50 CABLE: 1.5-meter round cable <br> N2297A | Ferminated with a 96-pin female DIN connector at one <br> end, two 50-pin male sub-D connectors at another end |
| F2gilent <br> N260A/61A/62A/63A/64A/65A. <br> N2298A | DIN96-TO-D25 CABLE: 1.5-meter round cable <br> terminated with a 96-pin female DIN connector at one <br> end, a 25-pin male sub-D connector at another end. | For Agilent N2262A only. |
| Agilent <br> N2299A | DIN96-TO-QUAD-D25 CABLE: 1.5-meter round cable <br> terminated with a 96-pin female DIN connector at one <br> end, four 25-pin male sub-D connectors at another end | For Agilent <br> N2260A/61A/62A/63A/64A/65A. |

Agilent N2297A Figure 6-24 shows an Agilent N2297A. The wire gauge is 26 AWG (which meets UL AWM: 2464), the maximum voltage is 200 volts per wire. The connection between the 96 -pin female DIN connector and the two 50 -pin sub-D male connectors is also listed.

Agilent N2297A DIN96-TO-TWIN-D50 CABLE


Agilent N2298A
Figure 6-25 shows an Agilent N2298A. The wire gauge is 24 AWG (which meets UL AWM: 2464), the maximum voltage is 200 volts per wire. The connection between the 96-pin female DIN connector and the $25-$ pin sub-D male connector is also listed.

Agilent N2298A DIN96-TO-D25 CABLE


Figure 6-25. Agilent N2298A Cable
Agilent N2299A Figure 6-26 on Page 106 shows an Agilent N2299A. The wire gauge is 24 AWG (which meets UL AWM: 2464), the maximum voltage is 200 volts per wire. The connection between the 96 -pin female DIN connector and the four 25 -pin sub-D male connectors is also listed.

Agilent N2299A DIN96-TO-QUAD-D25 CABLE

CONNECTOR 1 vs. 96-PIN DIN

| SUB-D | DIN |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A1 |
| 2 | B1 |
| 3 | C1 |
| 4 | A3 |
| 5 | B3 |
| 6 | C3 |
| 7 | A5 |
| 8 | B5 |
| 9 | C5 |
| 10 | A7 |
| 11 | B7 |
| 12 | C7 |
| 13 | -- |
| 14 | A2 |
| 15 | B2 |
| 16 | C2 |
| 17 | A4 |
| 18 | B4 |
| 19 | C4 |
| 20 | A6 |
| 21 | B6 |
| 22 | C6 |
| 23 | A8 |
| 24 | B8 |
| 25 | C8 |

CONNECTOR 2
vs. 96-PIN DIN

| SUB-D | DIN |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A9 |
| 2 | B9 |
| 3 | C9 |
| 4 | A11 |
| 5 | B11 |
| 6 | C11 |
| 7 | A13 |
| 8 | B13 |
| 9 | C13 |
| 10 | A15 |
| 11 | B15 |
| 12 | C15 |
| 13 | -- |
| 14 | A10 |
| 15 | B10 |
| 16 | C10 |
| 17 | A12 |
| 18 | B12 |
| 19 | C12 |
| 20 | A14 |
| 21 | B14 |
| 22 | C14 |
| 23 | A16 |
| 24 | B16 |
| 25 | C16 |

CONNECTOR 3
vs. 96-PIN DIN

$:$| SUB-D | DIN |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A17 |
| 2 | B17 |
| 3 | C17 |
| 4 | A19 |
| 5 | B19 |
| 6 | C19 |
| 7 | A21 |
| 8 | B21 |
| 9 | C21 |
| 10 | A23 |
| 11 | B23 |
| 12 | C23 |
| 13 | -- |
| 14 | A18 |
| 15 | B18 |
| 16 | C18 |
| 17 | A20 |
| 18 | B20 |
| 19 | C20 |
| 20 | A22 |
| 21 | B22 |
| 22 | C22 |
| 23 | A24 |
| 24 | B24 |
| 25 | C24 |
|  |  |

CONNECTOR 4
vs. 96-PIN DIN

| SUB-D | DIN |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A25 |
| 2 | B25 |
| 3 | C25 |
| 4 | A27 |
| 5 | B27 |
| 6 | C27 |
| 7 | A29 |
| 8 | B29 |
| 9 | C29 |
| 10 | A31 |
| 11 | B31 |
| 12 | C31 |
| 13 | -- |
| 14 | A26 |
| 15 | B26 |
| 16 | C26 |
| 17 | A28 |
| 18 | B28 |
| 19 | C28 |
| 20 | A30 |
| 21 | B30 |
| 22 | C30 |
| 23 | A32 |
| 24 | B32 |
| 25 | C32 |
|  |  |

Note: A "--" indicates the pin is not used.
Figure 6-26. Agilent N2299A Cable

## Appendix B <br> Error Messages

Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System can be operated in either SCPI mode or Agilent 3488A mode. The error messages are different in different system modes. This Appendix lists all these error messages.

## In SCPI mode

- Errors are retrieved in first-in-first-out (FIFO) order. The first error returned is the first error that was stored. Errors are cleared as you read them. When you have read all errors from the queue, the ERROR annunciator turns off and the errors are cleared. The instrument beeps once each time an error is generated.
- If more than 10 errors have occurred, the last error stored in the queue (the most recent error) is replaced with -350, "Queue overflow". No additional errors are stored until you remove errors from the queue. If no errors have occurred when you read the error queue, the instrument responds with +0 , "No error".
- The error queue is cleared by the *CLS (clear status) command or when power is cycled. The errors are also cleared when you read the queue. The error queue is not cleared by an instrument reset (*RST command) or a card/module reset (SYSTem:CPON command).


## - Front-Panel Operation:

If the ERROR annunciator is on, press View to view the errors stored in the queue. Use the knob to scroll through the error numbers. Press the arrow key (right) to view the text of the error message. All errors are cleared when you exit the menu.


## - Remote Interface Operation:

SYSTem:ERRor? Read and clear one error from the error queue
Errors have the following format (the error string may contain up to 80 characters):
-113, "Undefined header".

## Execution Errors

-101 Invalid character
An invalid character was found in the command string. You may have used an invalid character such as \#, $\{, \$$, or \% in the command header or within a parameter.
Example: OPEN \{@101)
Syntax error
Invalid syntax was found in the command string. You may have inserted a blank space before or after a colon in the command header, or before a comma. Or you may have omitted the "@" character in the channel list syntax.
Examples: ROUT:CHAN: DEL 1 or ROUT:OPEN ( 101:102)
Invalid separator
An invalid separator was found in the command string. You may have used a comma instead of a colon, semicolon, or blank space -- or you may have used a blank space instead of a comma.
Example: TRIG:COUNT,1
GET not allowed
A Group Execute Trigger (GET) is not allowed within a command string.
Parameter not allowed
More parameters were received than expected for this command. You may have entered an extra parameter or added a parameter to a command that does not require a parameter.
Example: ROUT:CLOS:STAT? 2
Missing parameter
Fewer parameters were received than were expected for this command. You have omitted one or more parameters that are required for this command.
Example: ROUT:CHAN:DEL 10,
Program mnemonic too long
A command header was received which contained more than the maximum 12 characters allowed.
Example: CONFIGURE:EXTERNAL:TRIGGER:SOURCE 2
Undefined header
A command was received that is not valid for this instrument. You may have misspelled the command or it may not be a valid command. If you are using the short form of this command, remember that it may contain up to four letters.
Examples: TRIGG:SOUR TIM
Invalid character in number
An invalid character was found in the number specified for a parameter.
Example: TRIG:TIMER $12 . .34$
-123 Exponent too large
A numeric parameter was found whose exponent was large than 32,000 .
Too many digits
A numeric parameter was found whose mantissa contained more than 255 digits, excluding leading zeros.

Numeric data not allowed
The wrong parameter type was found in the command string. You may have specified a number where a string or expression was expected, or vice versa.
Examples: DISP:TEXT 5.0 or ROUT:CLOSE 101

| -131 | Invalid suffix |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | A suffix was incorrectly specified for a numeric parameter. You may have misspelled the suffix. |
| -134 | Suffix too long |
|  | A header suffix is the number that can be appended to the end of some command headers. This error is generated if the header suffix contains more than 12 characters. |
| -138 | Suffix not allowed |
|  | A suffix was received following a numeric parameter. You may have misspelled the suffix. |
| -148 | Character data not allowed |
|  | A discrete parameter was received but a character string or a numeric parameter was expected. Check the list of parameters to verify that you have used a valid parameter type. Examples: ROUTE:CLOSE CH101 or DIAG:DISP TEXT123 (the string must be enclosed in quotes) |
| -151 | Invalid string data |
|  | An invalid character string was received. Check to see if you have enclosed the character string in quotation marks and verify that the string contains valid ASCII characters. Example: DIAG:DISP 'TESTING (the ending quote is missing) |
| -158 | String data not allowed |
|  | A character string was received but is not allowed for this command. Check the list of parameters to verify that you have used a valid parameter type. |
| -161 | Invalid block data |
|  | For a definite-length block, the number of types of data sent does not match the number of bytes that you specified in the block header |
| -168 | Block data not allowed |
|  | Data was sent to the instrument in SCPI definite length block format but this command does not accept this format. |
| -178 | Expression data not allowed |
|  | A channel list was received but is not allowed for this command. |
|  | Example: SYST:CTYPE? (@100) |
| -222 | Data out of range |
|  | A numeric parameter value is outside the valid range for this command. |
|  | Example: ARM:COUNT-3 |
| -223 | Too much data |
|  | A character string was received but could not be executed because the string length was more than 12 characters. This error can be generated by the DIAGnostic:DISPlay command. |
| -224 | Illegal parameter value |
|  | A discrete parameter was received which was not a valid choice for this command. You may have used an invalid parameter choice. |
|  | Example: TRIG:SOURCE ALARM (ALARM is not a valid choice) |
| -310 | System error |
|  | A firmware defect has been found. This is not a fatal error but you should contact your nearest Agilent Technologies Service Center if this error is reported. |
| -350 | Queue overflow |
|  | The error queue is full because more than 10 errors have occurred. No additional errors are stored until you remove errors from the queue. The error queue is cleared by the *CLS |

(clear status) command or when power is cycled. The errors are also cleared when you read the queue.
Query INTERRUPTED
A command was received which sends data to the output buffer, but the output buffer contained data from a previous command (the previous data is not overwritten). The output buffer is cleared when power has been off or after a bus Device Clear.

## Query UNTERMINATED

The instrument was addressed to talk (i.e., send data over the interface) but a command has not been received which sends data to the output buffer. For example, you may have executed a CONFigure command (which does not generate data) and then attempted to read data from the remote interface.
Query DEADLOCKED
A command was received which generates too much data to fit in the output buffer and the input buffer is also full. Command execution continues but all data is lost.
-440 Query UNTERMINATED after indefinite response
The *IDN? command must be the last query command within a command string. The *IDN? command returns an indefinite length string which cannot be combined with any other query command.
Example: *IDN?;*STB?

## Instrument Errors

| $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | Number of SAV/RCL out of range <br> Up to 10 channel setups (1-10) can be stored and recalled. This error will occur if a <br> number included in *SAV/*RCL is not between 1 and 10 . <br> Examples: *SAV 12 or *RCL 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0 1}$ | Unable to recall - scan is running |
| $\mathbf{1 0 2}$ | Unable to recall - memory is empty |
| Unable to recall - modules were changed |  |
| Before recalling a stored channel setup, the instrument verifies the same module types are |  |
| installed in each slot. This error indicates that the instrument has detected one or multiple |  |
| modules in the specific slots have been replaced with other types or removed from the |  |
| instrument. |  |

be read and written, etc. If you read or write a block that has not been previously defined, this error occurs.

114


Block name already exist
The instrument has detected a defined block name, while you are to define it once more.

## Two Blocks already exist

The instrument has detected two defined block names while you are to define them once more.
Channel number out of range
The specified channel number is invalid for the module in the selected slot. The channel number has the form ( $@ \mathrm{snn}$ ), where s is the slot number and nn is the channel number.
Example: ROUT:CLOSE (@156)
Scan list is empty
Scan initiated
Scan init ignored
Trig ignored
Hardware trigger too fast
Too many channels
Card in use.
Unable to execute this command in local mode
RS232 data receiving error
Internal command error
RS232 only - unable to execute on GPIB
There are three commands which are allowd only with the RS-232 interface:
SYSTem:LOCal, SYSTem:REMote, SYSTem:RWLock.

## Self-Test Errors

The errors listed in Table 6-15 indicate failures that may occur during a self-test (in SCPI mode).
Table 6-15. Self -Test Errors

| Error Number | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| +1 | ROM test failed. |
| +2 | GPIB test failed. |
| +3 | RS-232 test failed. |
| +4 | Front-panel test failed. |

Note
A string " +0 " read back (with command *TST) indicates that all the tests have passed. In this case, a string "PASSED" displays on the front panel of the instrument.

## In Agilent 3488A Mode

## Error Conditions

In Agilent 3488A mode, you can also query the error queue when the ERROR annuciator is on. The returned decimal value is equal to the sum of the values of the possible error conditions, as defined in Table 6-16.

Table 6-16. Error Conditions in Agilent 3488A Mode

| Weighted Value | Error Condition |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Syntax Error |
| 2 | Execution Error which include: <br> a. Parameter out of range; <br> b. Module type mismatch; <br> c. Attempt to access a nonexistent stored state <br> or scan list. |
| 4 | Hardware Trigger too fast |
| 8 | Logical Failure |
| 16 | Power Supply Failure |

Note
A string " +00000 " read back (with the command ERROR) indicates that the error queue is empty. In this case, a string " 0000 " displays on the front panel of the instrument.

## Self Test Errors

The errors listed in Table 6-17 indicate failures that may occur during a self-test (in Agilent 3488A mode).
Table 6-17. Self -Test Errors

| Error Number | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| +1 | ROM test failed. |
| +2 | GPIB test failed. |
| +3 | RS-232 test failed. |
| +4 | Front-panel test failed. |

Note
A string " +0 " read back (with the command TEST) indicates that all the tests have passed. In this case, a string "PASSED" displays on the front panel of the instrument.

## Appendix C Schematics

This chapter contains the schematics for the Agilent 3499A/B mainframes and the plug-in modulesdesigned for Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System. For the schematics of the existing Agilent 3488Aplug-in modules, you can refer to the Agilent 3488A Switch/Control System Service Manual.
The schematics in this chapter include:

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- Agilent 3499A/B Controller PC Board Schematics ..... Page 116
- Agilent 3499A/B Keyboard \& Display Components Locator \& Schematics ..... Page 121
- Agilent 3499A/B Backplane Components Locator \& Schematics ..... Page 124
- Agilent N2260A Components Locator ..... Page 126
- Agilent N2260A Schematics ..... Page 127
- Agilent N2290A Components Location \& Schematics ..... Page 131
- Agilent N2261A Components Locator ..... Page 132
- Agilent N2261A Schematics ..... Page 133
- Agilent N2291A Components Location \& Schematics ..... Page 137
- Agilent N2262A Components Locator ..... Page 138
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Agilent 3499A/B Controller PC Board
Schematics -- Sheet 1 of 5



Agilent 3499A/B Controller PC Board



[^10]Agilent 3499A/B Controller PC Board


Bottomlocator


Agilent 3499A/B Keyboard \& Display
Components Locator


Agilent 3499A/B Keyboard \& Display

OC(12v) to DC (36v) Convert



Agilent 3499A/B Keyboard \& Display
Schematics -- Sheet 2 of 2



| ${ }^{419}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
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Agilent N2260A 40-Channel MUX Module
Schematics -- Sheet 1 of 4




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Agilent N2261A GP Relay Module
Schematics -- Sheet 1 of 4




Two Mount ing toles

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Agilent N2291A Screw Terminal Block



Agilent N2262A $4 \times 8$ Matrix Module
Schematics -- Sheet 1 of 3


Agilent N2262A 4 x 8 Matrix Module


Relay Specification: 1arzoevy


Agilent N2292A Screw Terminal Block


Agilent N2263A 32-Bit Digital I/O Module


Agilent N2263A 32-Bit Digital I/O Module


Agilent N2263A 32-Bit Digital I/O Module


Agilent N2263A 32-Bit Digital I/O Module
Schematics -- Sheet 3 of 7



[^11]Agilent N2263A 32-Bit Digital I/O Module


Beckplane Connector


-


Agilent N2263A 32-Bit Digital I/O Module
Schematics -- Sheet 7 of 7




Agilent N2264A Multifunction Module






Customer Connector


Note
Please use 2 OZ copper on outerlayer

Beckplane Connector





Agilent N2265A Multifunction Module






Relau Soecificationt

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Agilent N2266A 40-Channel MUX Module Components Locator


Agilent N2266A 40-Channel MUX Module





Agilent N2266A 40-Channel MUX Module


Agilent N2266A 40-Channel MUX Module
Schematics -- Sheet 4 of 4


Agilent N2267A 8-Channel High Current GP Module Components Locator


Agilent N2267A 8-Channel High Current GP Module

## High Current GP - 8 Power GP Relays




Agilent N2267A 8-Channel High Current GP Module
Schematics -- Sheet 2 of 2


Agilent N2268A $50 \Omega 3.5 \mathrm{GHz}$ Dual 1-to-4 MUX Module Components Locator


Agilent N2268A 50 3 3.5GHz Dual 1-to-4 MUX Module


Agilent N2268A 50 $\Omega$ 3.5GHz Dual 1-to-4 MUX Module
Schematics -- Sheet 2 of 3


Agilent N2268A 50 3 3.5GHz Dual 1-to-4 MUX Module
Schematics -- Sheet 3 of 3


Agilent N2269A Multifunction Module
Components Locator


Agilent N2269A Multifunction Module
Schematics -- Sheet 1 of 5


Agilent N2269A Multifunction Module
Schematics -- Sheet 2 of 5


Agilent N2269A Multifunction Module
Schematics -- Sheet 3 of 5


Agilent N2269A Multifunction Module
Schematics -- Sheet 4 of 5



Agilent N2329A Screw Terminal Block Components Locator \& Schematics


Agilent N2270A 10-Channel High Voltage MUX Module Components Locator


Agilent N2270A 10-Channel High Voltage MUX Module



Agilent N2270A 10-Channel High Voltage MUX Module
Schematics -- Sheet 2 of 2


Agilent N2280A (Quadruple 1-to-2) / N2281A (Dual 1-to-4) Optical Switch Module Components Locator


Agilent N2280A (Quadruple 1-to-2) / N2280A (Dual 1-to-4) Optical Switch Module Schematics -- Sheet 1 of 1



Agilent 44470D 20-Channel MUX Module
Schematics -- Sheet 1 of 4




|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{J} 9 \otimes 1 \\ 1252-1575 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ 42 CDL | c2 | СهН | E2 | C1L |
| $\stackrel{\Delta L}{4}$ C2L | $\stackrel{C}{+}$ | C2H | $\stackrel{\text { E4 }}{ }$ | C1H |
| $\stackrel{46}{46}$ C3L | $\stackrel{C}{6}$ | C3H | $\stackrel{66}{ }$ | C4L |
| +4日 C5L | ce | C5H | ¢ ¢ | С¢ |
| $\stackrel{410}{ } \mathrm{CbL}$ | c10 | C6H | E10 | C7L |
| $\stackrel{412}{ } \mathrm{CBL}$ | c12 | C8H | E12 | C7H |
| ${ }_{\text {414 }} \mathrm{C9L}$ | cil | $\mathrm{C9H}$ | $\stackrel{E 14}{ } \mathrm{~N}$ |  |
| $\stackrel{416}{ }$ LOW_COMMON | $\stackrel{16}{ }$ |  | $\pm 16$ | high_common |
| $\stackrel{419}{ } \mathrm{Cl} \mathrm{CLL}^{\text {c }}$ | c19 | ClOH | E19 | C11L |
| $\stackrel{420812 \mathrm{~L}}{ }$ | $\stackrel{\square 20}{ }$ | C 12 H | +28 | C11H |
| 422 C13L | c22 | C13H | + $2^{2}$ | C14L |
| $\stackrel{424}{ }$ C15L | $\stackrel{\text { c24 }}{ }$ | C15H | ( E24 | С14 |
| $\stackrel{126}{ }$ C16L | $\stackrel{026}{ }$ | $\mathrm{C16H}$ | $\stackrel{2}{26}$ | C17L |
| $\stackrel{428}{4} \mathrm{C18L}$ | $\stackrel{C 28}{ }$ | $\mathrm{C18H}$ | E28 | C17H |
| $\stackrel{438}{ } \mathrm{Cl} 19 \mathrm{~L}$ | $\stackrel{C 36}{ }$ | $\mathrm{C19H}$ | ${ }^{2} 38 \mathrm{~N}$ |  |
| $\stackrel{432}{ } \mathrm{NC}$ | $\stackrel{C 32}{ } \times$ |  | ${ }^{\text {E32 }} \mathrm{N}$ |  |



| A:8 C1هL 12 ¢P103 | $\cdots \mathrm{A24}$ C15L $12 \times$ P104 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| - E18 C11L 16 P103 |  |
| - E20 C11H ${ }_{\text {- P103 }}$ |  |
| $\checkmark$-220 C12L 8 P P103 | $\cdots \mathrm{E} 26 \mathrm{C17L} \mathrm{E}_{4 \text { P104 }}$ |
|  | - E28 C 17 H 7 P 1 (04 |
| A22 C13L 6-P103 |  |
|  |  |
| E22 C14L ${ }^{\text {u PP1ه3 }}$ | A30 C19L ${ }_{\text {- }}$ |
| $)^{\mathrm{E} 24} \mathrm{C14H}{ }^{3} \mathrm{P} 1 \mathrm{Cl}_{3}$ |  |
|  | No - ${ }^{2} \mathrm{P}$ P1هu |
|  | $1 . ¢$ 104 |

Agilent 44480B Screw Terminal Block
Components Locator \& Schematics



Agilent 44471D 20-Channel GP Relay Module
Schematics -- Sheet 1 of 4



$$
\overbrace{\nabla_{\text {docom }}^{13}}^{12} \square^{4918} \mathrm{Nc}
$$




Agilent 44471D 20-Channel GP Relay Module



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - } 126 \text { C16L }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { C26 } \mathrm{Cl} 16 \mathrm{H} \quad 9 \mathrm{P} 104 \\
& \times 226 \text { C17L } 8<P_{104}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \times 128 \mathrm{Cl8L} 6
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { C38 } \mathrm{Cl} 19 \mathrm{H}_{3}{ }^{3} \mathrm{P} 104
\end{aligned}
$$

$\mathrm{NC}-$ P103

Agilent 44481B Screw Terminal Block
Components Locator \& Schematics

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[^0]:    a. Maximum time from activation of external trigger pulse to start of switch open or close.
    b. Measured from the time at which the command terminator is taken from the bus to the time at which the relay begins to open or close.

[^1]:    [1]. The Agilent 3499A/B Switch/Control System User's Manual and the Quick Reference can be deleted when you ordered.

[^2]:    [1]. Press Close means to press the key Close on the front panel of the Agilent 3499A/B.
    [2]. Press Shift + Card Reset means to press the key Shift first, then press the key Card Reset.

[^3]:    [1]. Also applicable to keys Card Reset, Scan, and S.List.

[^4]:    [1]. In Agilent 3488A mode, only the sum of the values of the possible error conditions, as defined in Table 6-16 on Page 112, is recorded in the error queue and shown on the front panel.

[^5]:    [1]. Relay cycle count feature is supported by the switching relays on the Agilent N2260A/61A/62A/64A/65A modules.

[^6]:    [1]. The scan cannot be performed and "CANNOT INIT" will be displayed if any of the following conditions occurs:
    a. The scan list contains a non-existing channel, such as N2260A module changes from WIRE1 to WIRE2.
    b. The scan list contains a channel on a digital I/O module that does not work in Mode \#1 or Mode \#2.
    c. A stored channel setup in the scan list does not match the current hardware configuration.

[^7]:    [1]. In case there are no matching cards installed in the mainframe, the display will show "NO MATCH", then automatically returns to the first level of the Menu menu.

[^8]:    [1]. "NO DATA" will be displayed if no state had ever been stored, then the instrument automatically returns to the first level of the Menu menu.

[^9]:    [1]. The line Channel Closed is for the Agilent 44474A 16-bit DIO only.

[^10]:    
    
    
    
    5 mint 3015
    
    
    
    
    

[^11]:    

